

Vibrio parahaemolyticus illnesses reported in British Columbia

Week 36 Report: August 31 to September 6, 2025

These reports are shared with our partners to inform them about the risk associated with Vibrio parahaemolyticus (Vp)

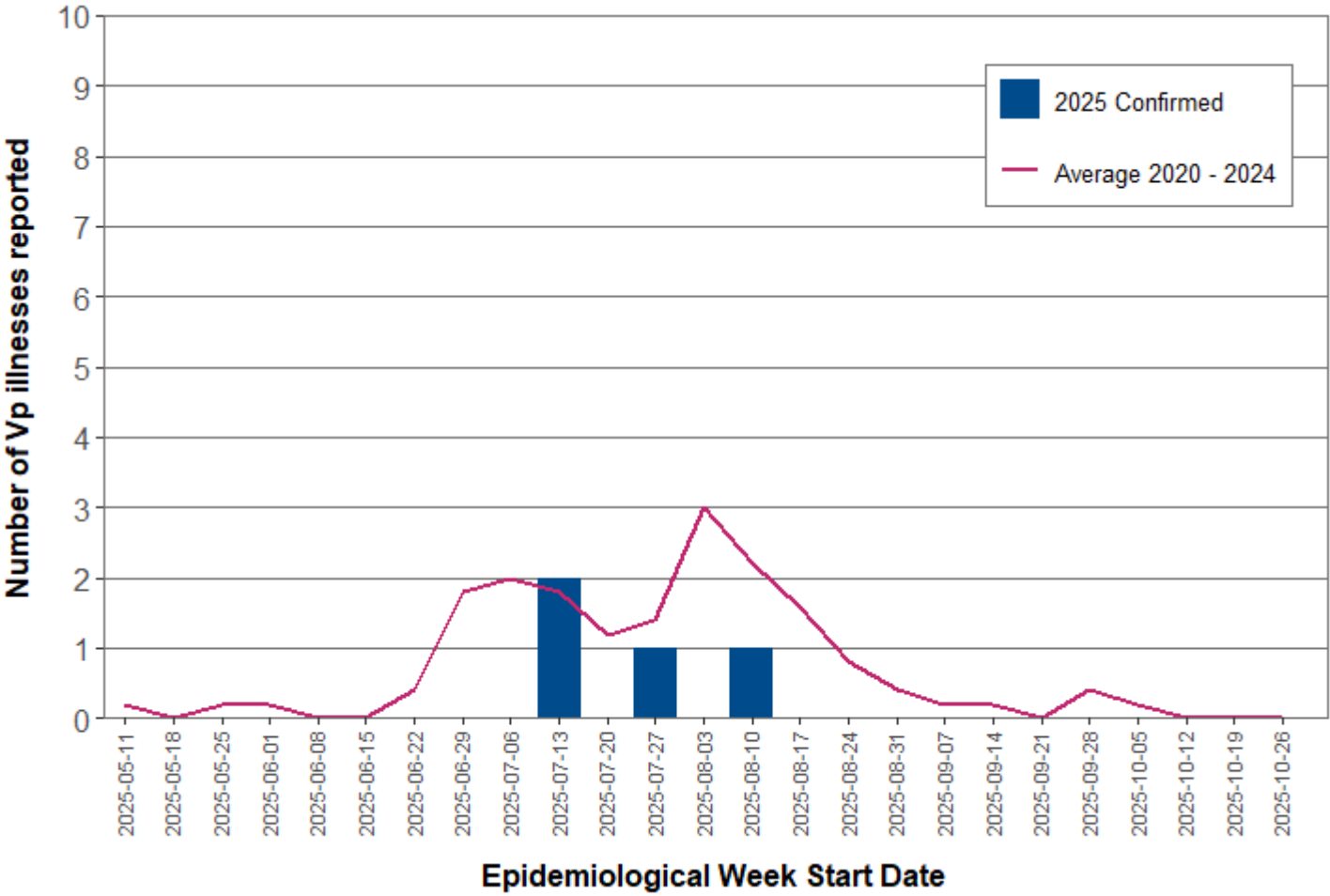
Table 1. Number of Vp illnesses reported among BC residents by week, BC, July 20 to September 6, 2025 (Source: BCCDC)

Week (Epi week)	Number of confirmed Vp illnesses* reported
July 13 to July 19 (29)	2
July 20 to July 26 (30)	0
July 27 to August 2 (31)	1
August 3 to August 9 (32)	0
August 10 to August 16 (33)	1
August 17 to August 23 (34)	0
August 24 to August 30 (35)	0
August 31 to September 6 (36)	0
Total	4

Table 2. Number of Vp illnesses reported among BC residents by exposure, BC, July 20 to September 6, 2025 (Source: BCCDC)

Most likely exposure	Number of Vp illnesses* reported
Environmental	4

Figure 1. Number of Vp illnesses reported by week in 2025 compared to the average reported during the same week in the previous five years (2020-2024), BC



*Unless otherwise specified, the numbers in this report include confirmed Vp illnesses among BC residents reported to the BCCDC. These people may have been infected within Canada or outside of Canada, and the source of infection may be BC shellfish or other sources (e.g. ocean water).

Case definitions, Vibrio and oyster controls for restaurants, and other helpful information about Vibrio are available on the BCCDC website. Local public health partners can also find the Vibrio follow-up form on the BCCDC website.

Sea surface temperatures can be observed on the BCCDC Sea Surface Temperatures Map.