

# BCCDC Data Summary

9 September 2021

## Purpose

The surveillance deck is a summary of COVID-19 related indicators that can help inform the pandemic response in British Columbia. This surveillance monitoring constitutes the medical chart for population health assessment that guides the public health community of practice. As such this is a working document that reflects a snapshot in time and may differ from other published reports.

## Data Sources

The collection, use and disclosure of case data is subject to the Public Health Act. COVID-19 cases are reported under the Public Health Act to the health authority of residence. Public health case notification, clinical management, contact tracing and follow-up contributes surveillance data for regional and provincial COVID-19 monitoring. Each regional health authority have their own workflows and information systems for capture of relevant data. This data foremost serves the public health and clinical management of the case and their contacts.

## Disclaimer

- Data and key messages within these documents are not finalized and considered to be work in progress that is subject to retroactive changes as more data and information become available.
- Accurate interpretation of figures may be difficult with the limited inclusion of data notes and methodology descriptions in this document.

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# Overall Summary for surveillance data up to 7 Sep

- **Case rates** are increasing in Northern, elevated but decreasing across Interior, and stable or declining in other HAs;
- **Test positivity** among public tests is stable (~9% provincially), and is highest in IH (16%) and NH (25%).
- **New hospitalizations** are increasing provincially; **hospital/critical care census** is increasing across BC; **new deaths** are low. Hospitalization rates among children continue to remain very low.
- Based on last week's data, compared with fully vaccinated individuals and after adjusting for age differences, unvaccinated individuals are
  - ≈ **10x** more likely to become a case
  - ≈ **47x** more likely to be hospitalized
  - ≈ **9x** more likely to die
- **Vaccine** coverage in BC, 07 Sep, 1 dose (2 doses): 76% (69%) of total population, 85% (78%) of 12+ eligible population. Lower vaccine coverage in Interior and Northern and among younger individuals.
- Variants of concern (**VOCs**) continue to account for ≈100% of all positive tests in BC. Delta is the dominant VOC (99.5%) across all of BC.

# Sep 02 to Sep 07: BC COVID-19 Profile



**171,564** total cases  
**4,711** new this week



**1,842** total deaths  
**24** new this week

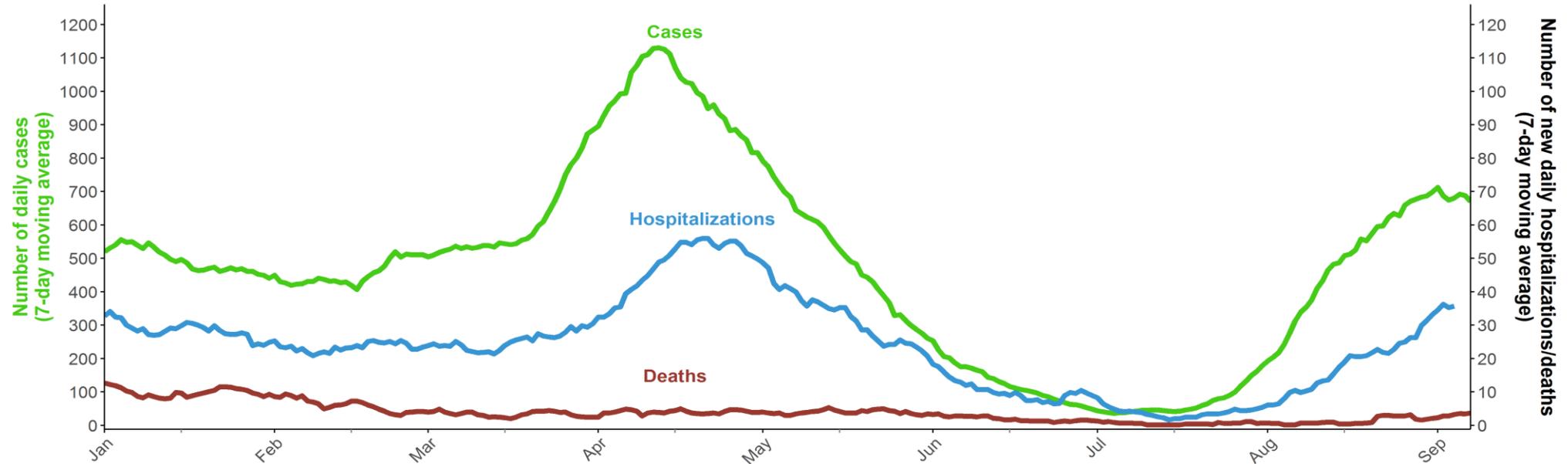


**9,007** ever hospitalized  
**282** new this week



**163,793** removed from isolation  
**4,893** new this week

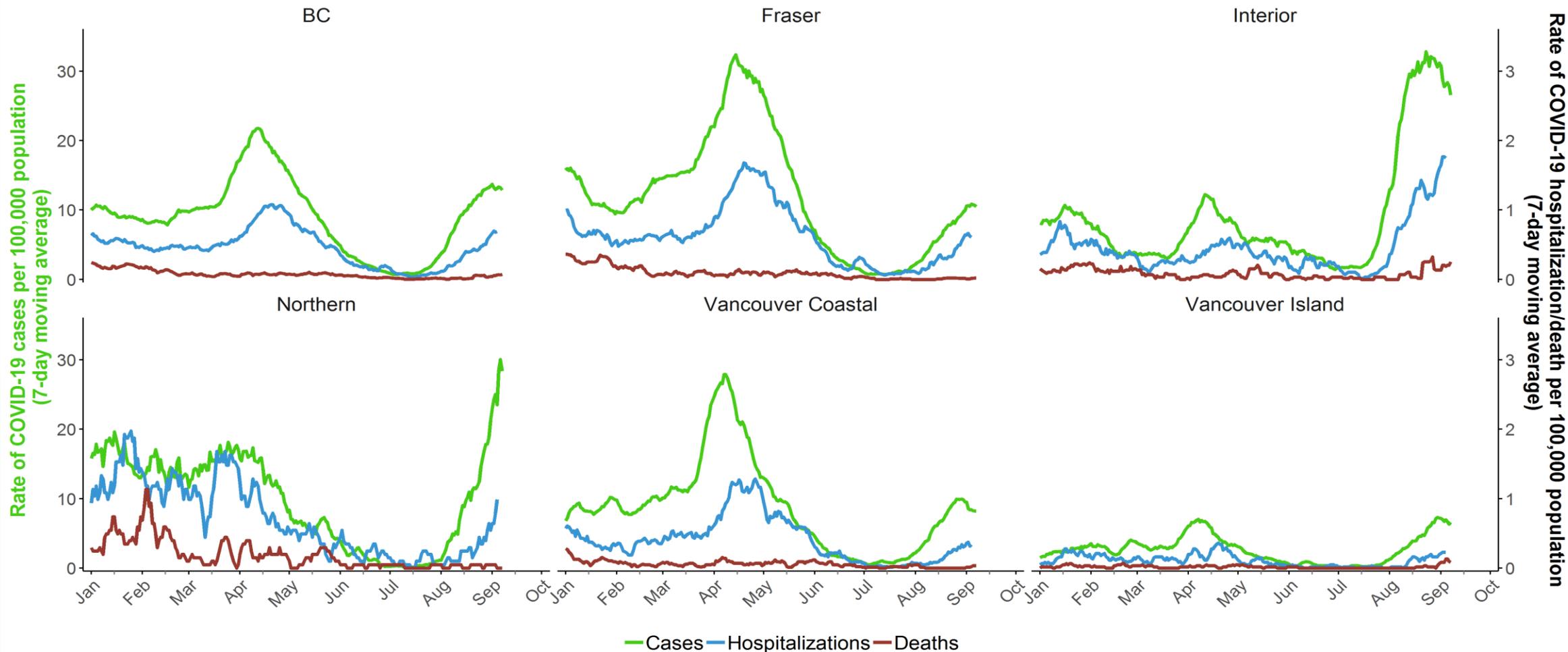
New daily COVID-19 cases, hospitalizations and deaths, Jan 01 2021 - Sep 07 2021



\* Data are by surveillance date for cases and deaths, and admission date for hospitalizations  
Data source: PHRDW Sep-08-2021

Case rates are levelling in all regions except Northern, where it is increasing; new hospitalizations are increasing in all HAs; new deaths increased in Interior.

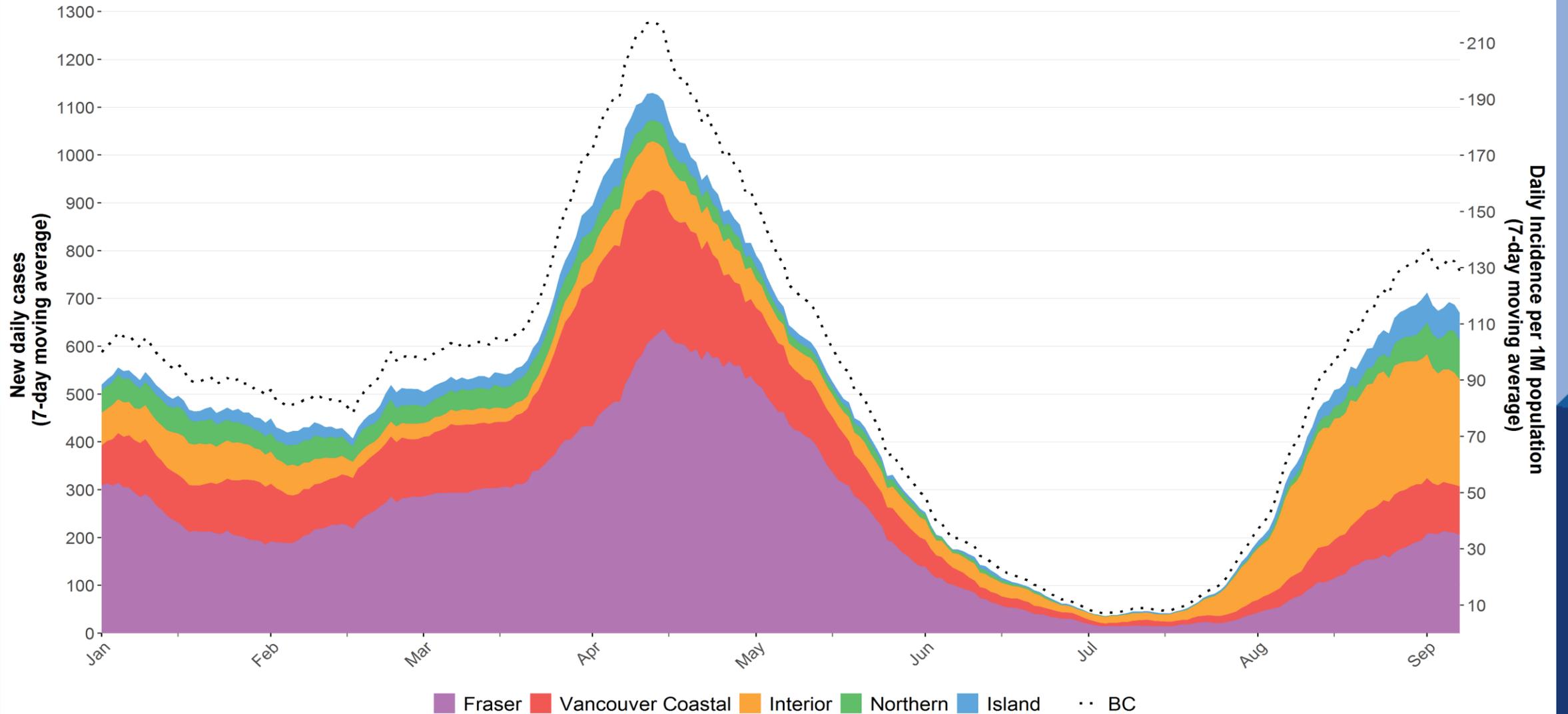
Rate of COVID-19 case, hospitalization and death, Jan 01 2021 - Sep 07 2021



\* Data are by surveillance date for cases and deaths, and admission date for hospitalizations  
Data source: PHRDW Sep-08-2021

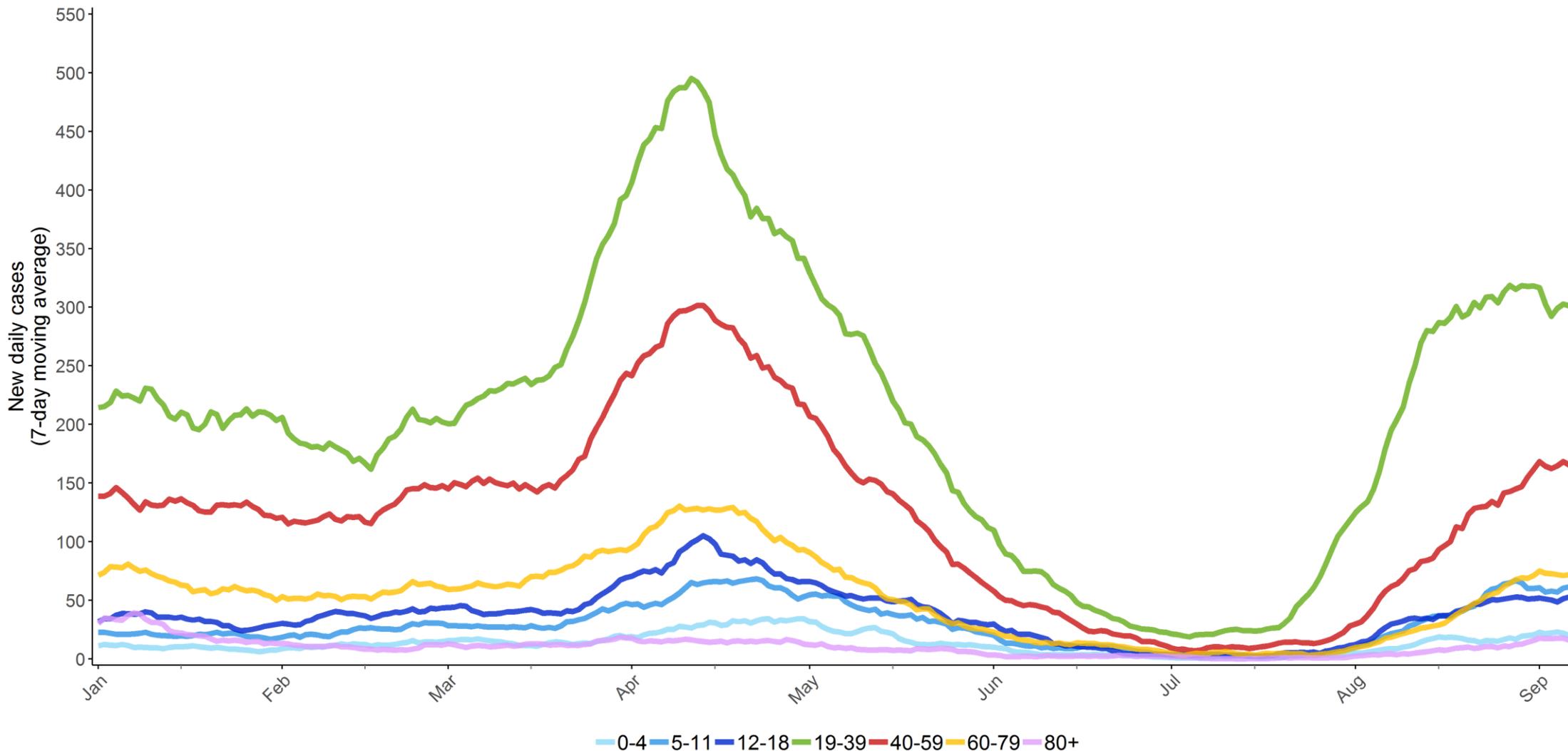
# Interior Health experienced the highest number of cases of the five regions in BC during the latest resurgence

New daily COVID-19 cases by HA, Jan 1 2021 – Sept 7 2021



# Case counts are highest among 19-39 year olds, followed by 40-59 year olds, consistent with previous resurgences

New daily COVID-19 cases by Age, Jan 1 2021 – Sept 7 2021

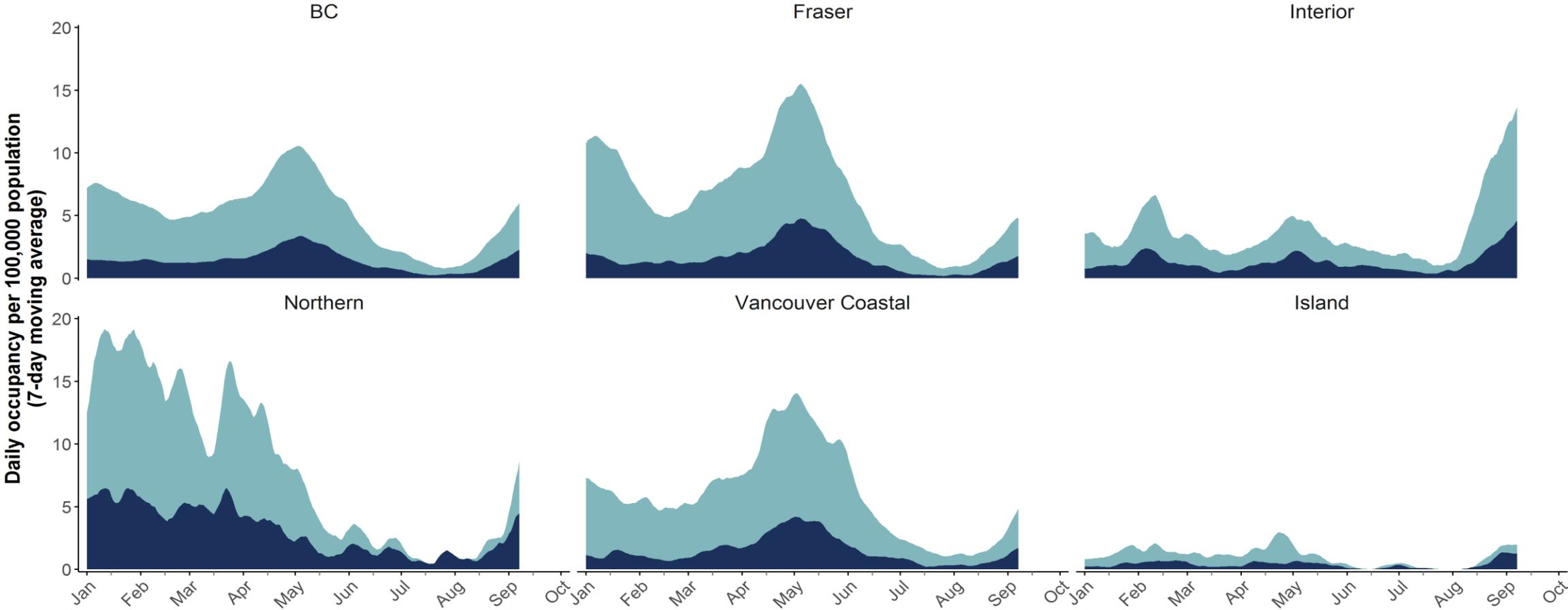


\* Data based on surveillance date (i.e. lab result date, or when not available, date reported to public health)

# Hospital and critical care census is increasing in all regions except Island, where it is stable

Current COVID-19 hospitalizations, Jan 01 2021 - Sep 07 2021

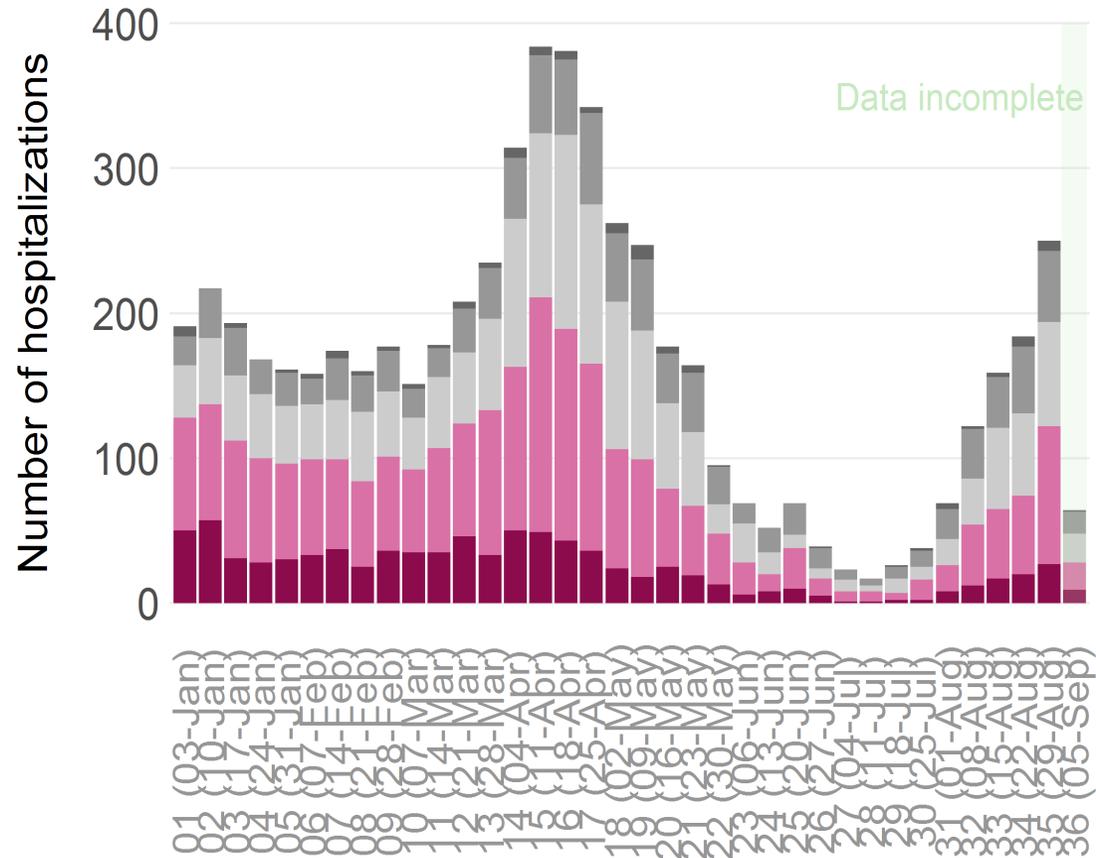
■ In the hospital but not in critical care ■ In critical care



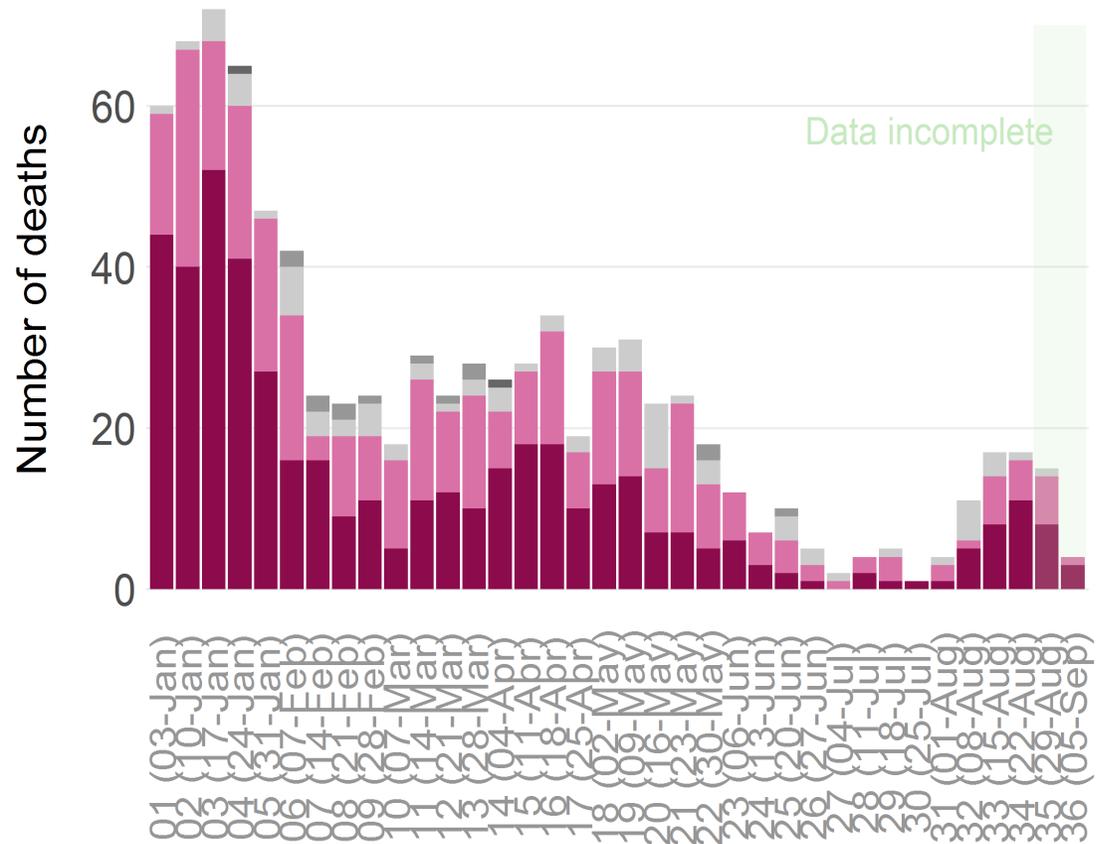
\* Data are by census date for hospitalizations  
Data source: PHSA Provincial COVID19 Monitoring Solution (PCMS) Sep-08-2021

Number of new hospital admissions is increasing across all ages >20 years (largest increase in 60-79 years), almost all are among unvaccinated individuals (see slide 23). Deaths are low.

Age group ■ 0-19 ■ 20-39 ■ 40-59 ■ 60-79 ■ 80+



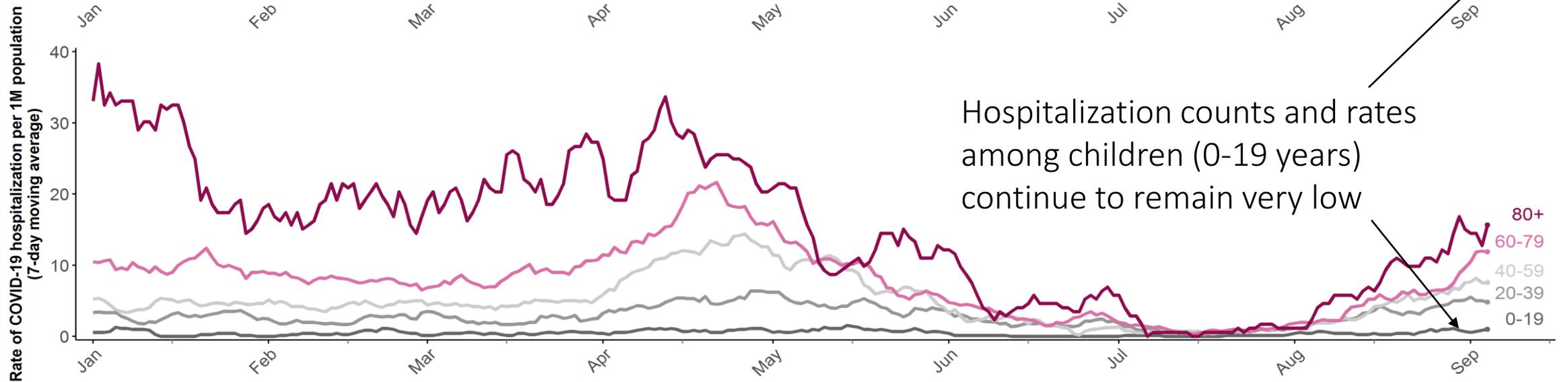
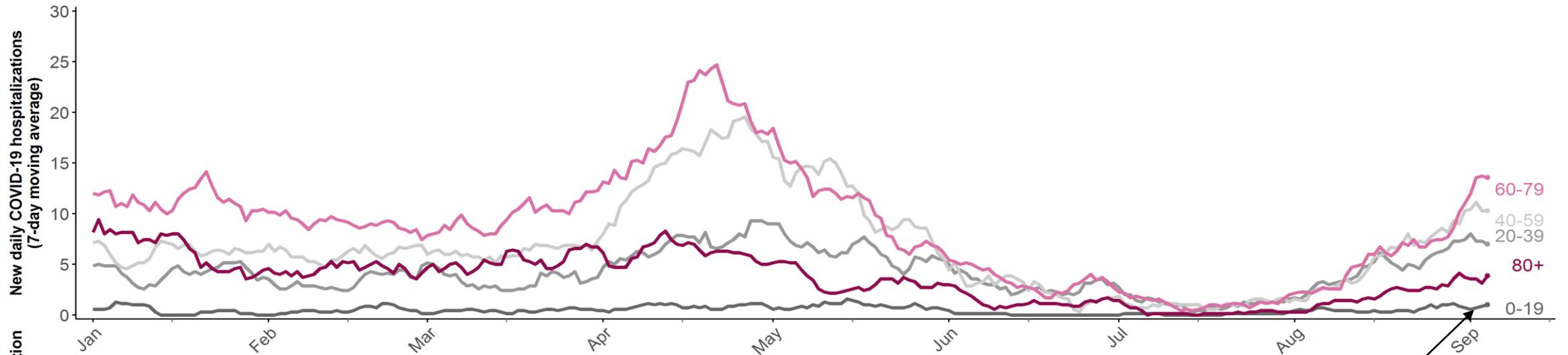
2021 Epi week of admission date  
(epi week start date)



2021 Epi week of death date  
(epi week start date)

Data extracted on 2021-09-08; hospitalization and death data from health authority case line list data

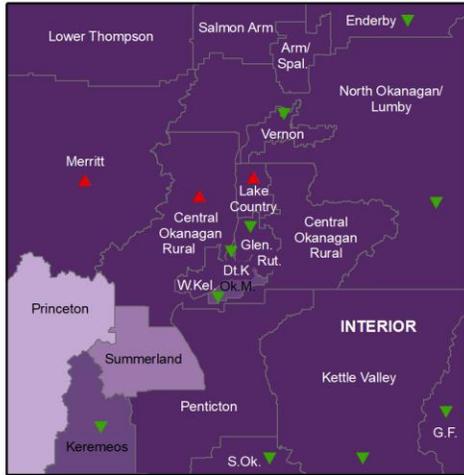
# Trends in number and rate of new hospitalizations by age group, BC, 1 Jan – 4 Sept 2021



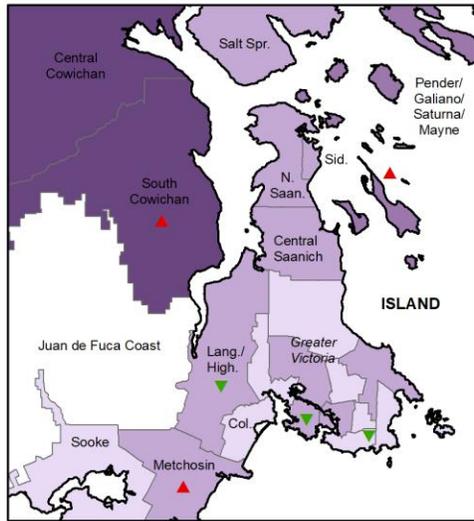
Hospitalization counts and rates among children (0-19 years) continue to remain very low

Date range: Jan 01 2021 - Sep 04 2021

Okanagan Inset  
(Community Health Service Areas)



Greater Victoria Inset  
(Community Health Service Areas)



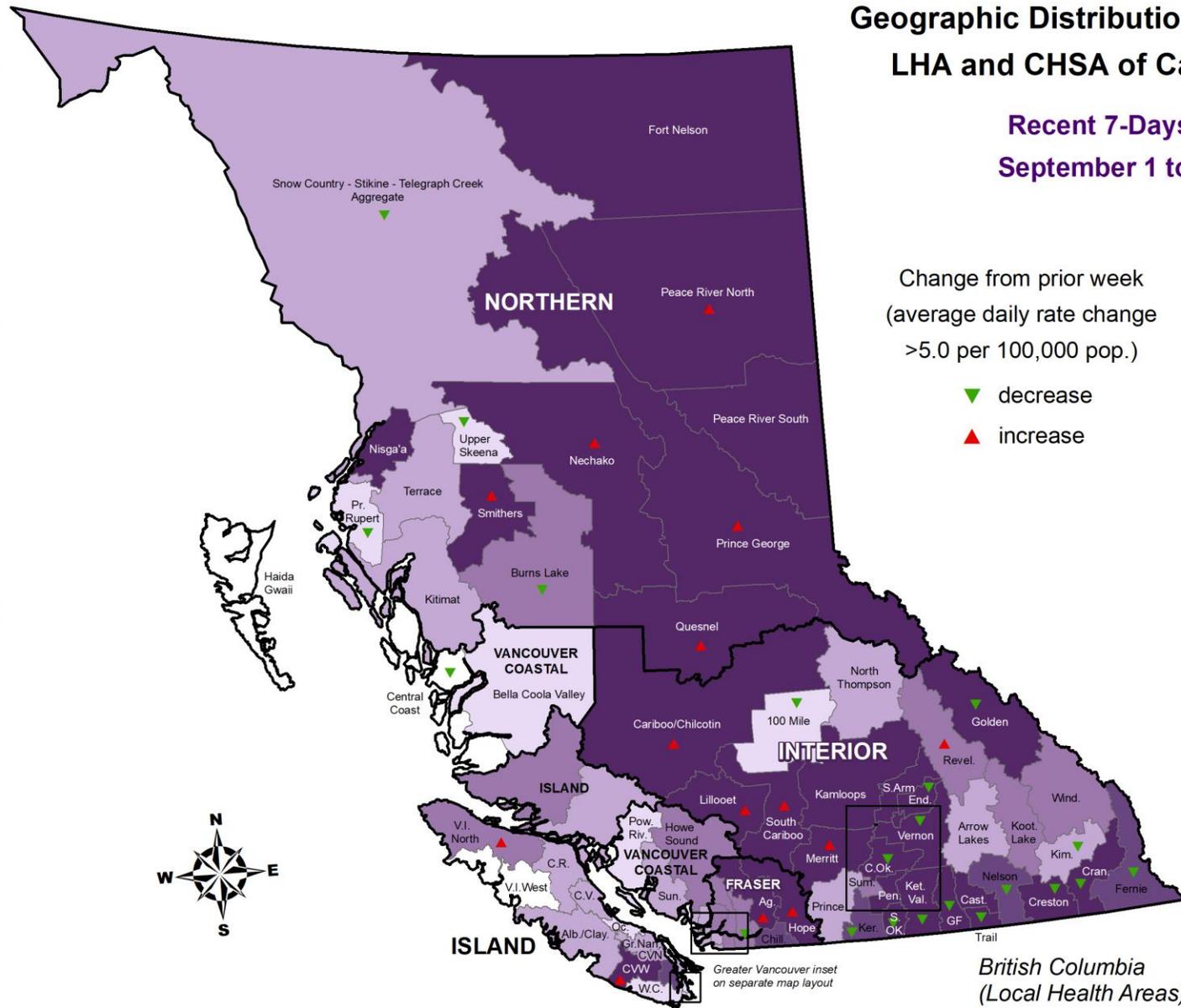
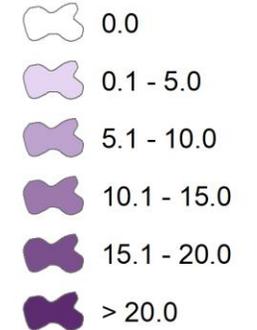
## Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 by LHA and CHSA of Case Residence

Recent 7-Days Cases  
September 1 to 7, 2021

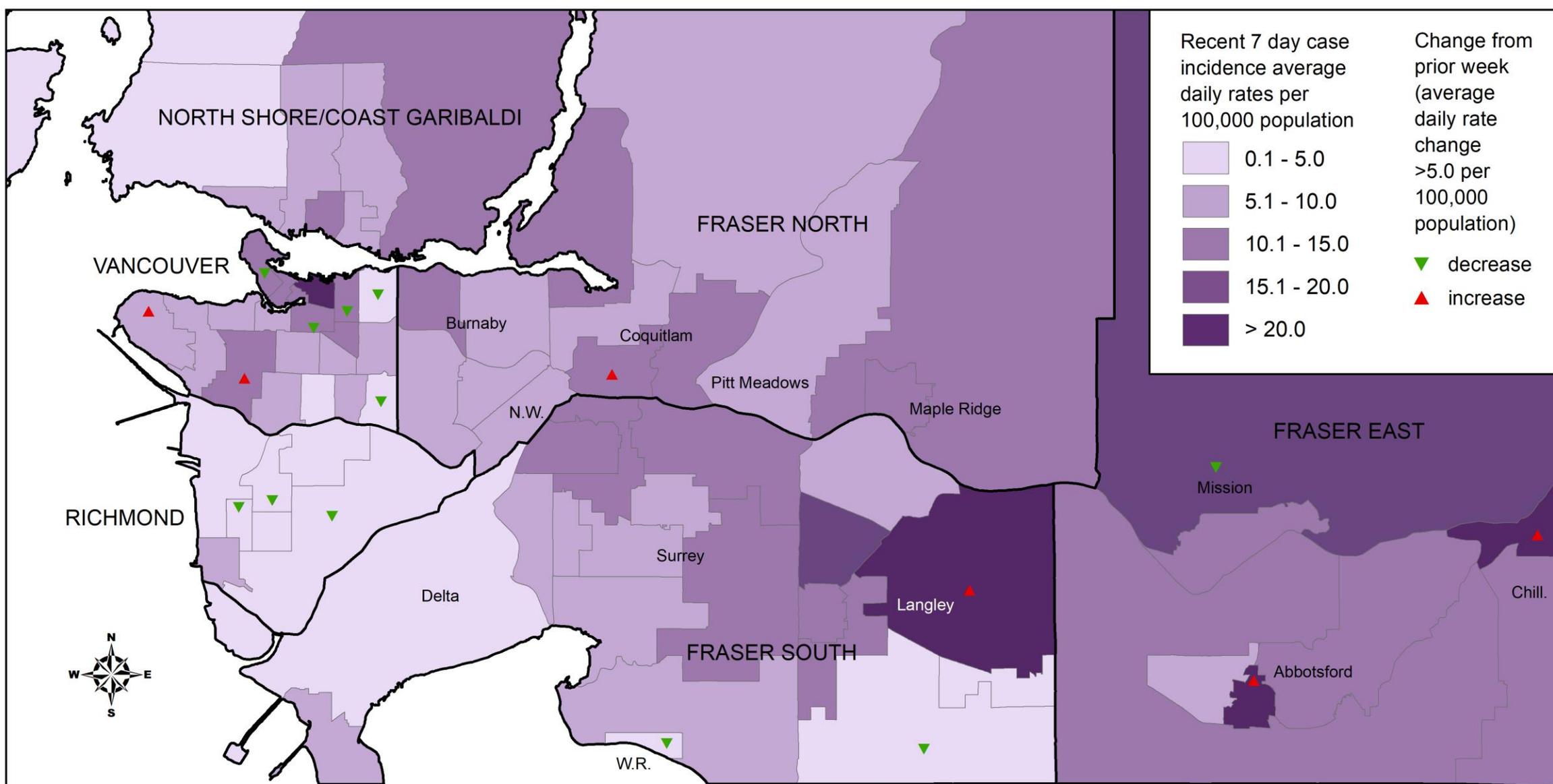
Change from prior week  
(average daily rate change  
>5.0 per 100,000 pop.)

- ▼ decrease
- ▲ increase

Average daily rate per  
100,000 population

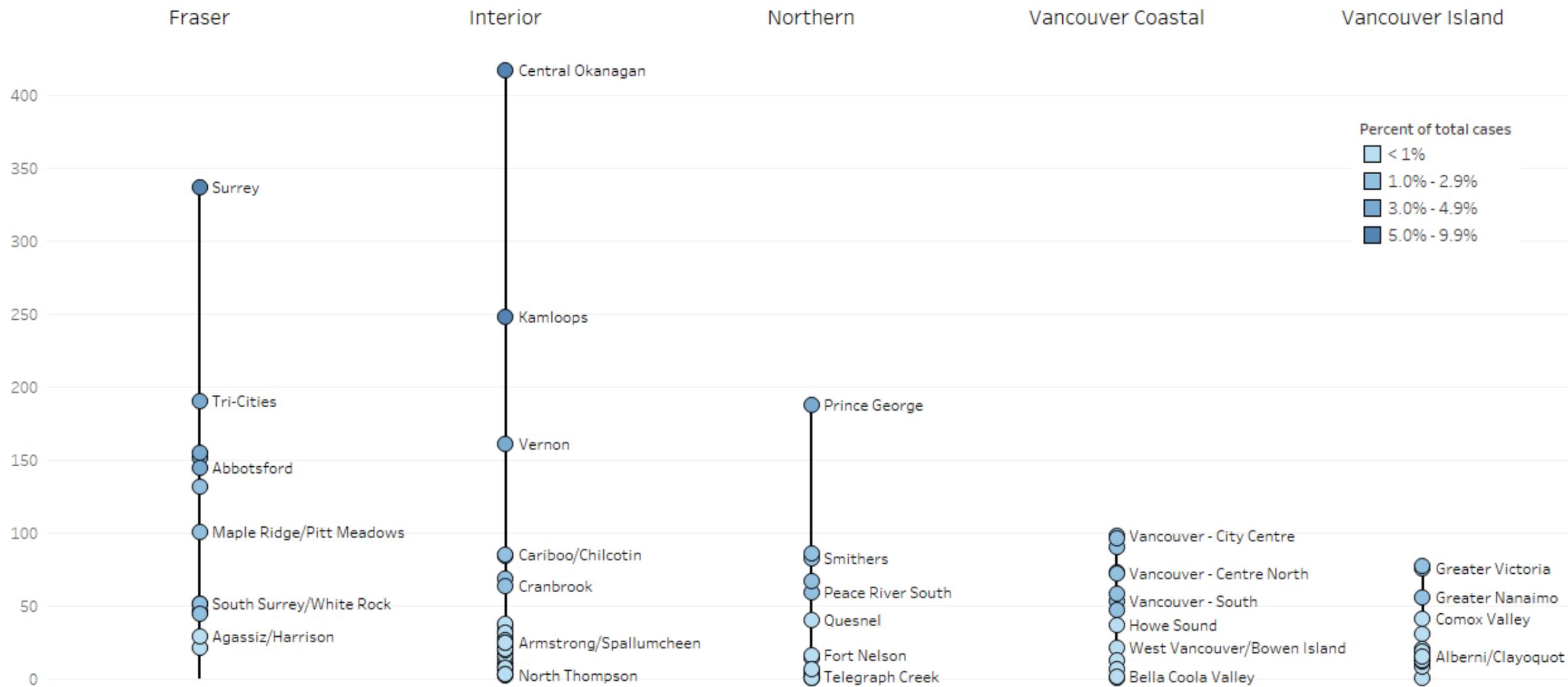


Data source: Public Health Reporting Data Warehouse (PHRDW) integrated COVID dataset; we operate in a live database environment and case information is updated as it becomes available. Cases are mapped by location of residence; cases with unknown residence and from out of province are not mapped. Data are by date of first positive test, or date reported to public health for epi-linked cases. Population denominator from BC Stats PEOPLE estimates for 2021.

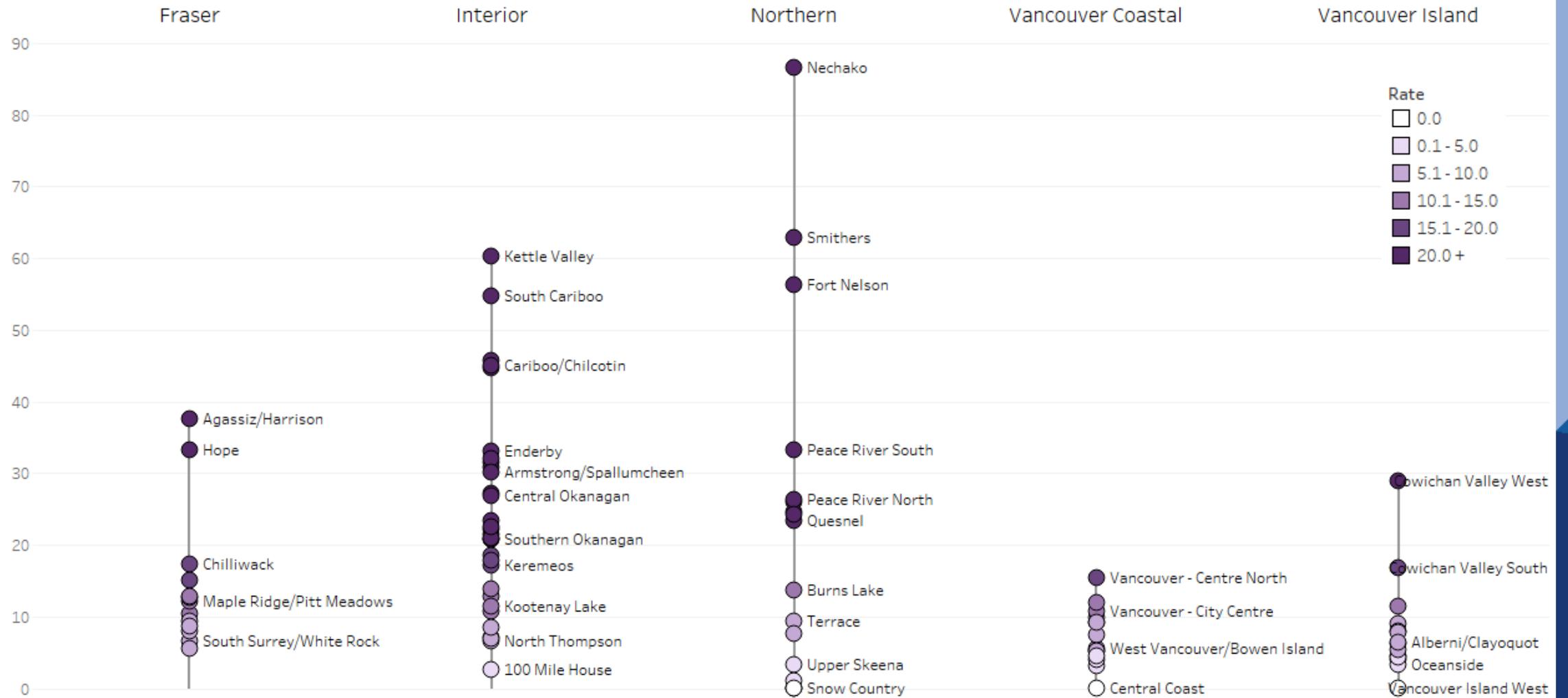


COVID-19 Recent 7-Day Case Incidence Rates by CHSA (September 1 to 7, 2021)

# Total cases by local health area, Sep 01 - Sep 07, 2021



Average daily **rate** of new cases per 100,000 population, by local health area, Sep 01 - Sep 07, 2021

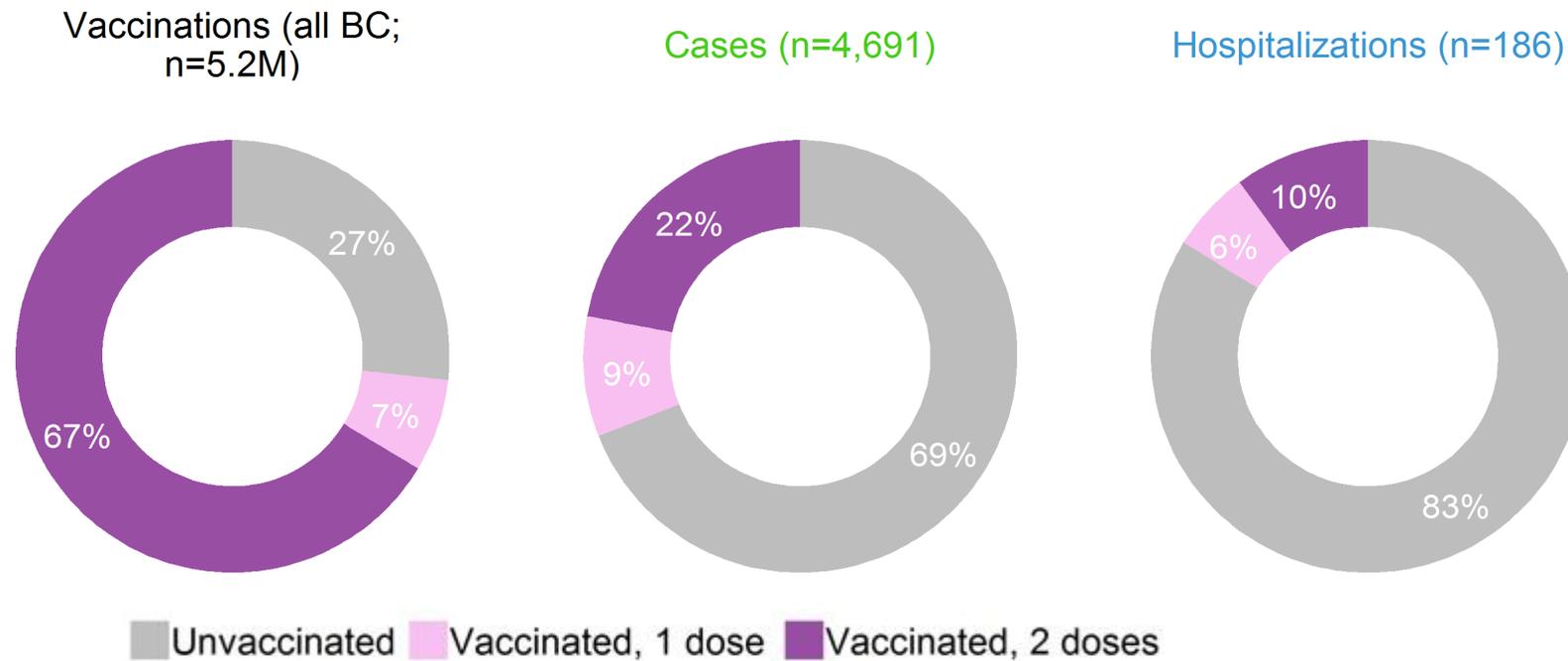


# Key messages – Outcomes by vaccine status

- Most of the recent cases and hospitalizations continue to be among unvaccinated individuals
- Based on last week's data, compared with fully vaccinated individuals and after adjusting for age differences, unvaccinated individuals are
  - $\approx 10x$  more likely to become a case
  - $\approx 47x$  more likely to be hospitalized
  - $\approx 9x$  more likely to die
  - NB: relative rates fluctuate over time and do not represent vaccine effectiveness
- Hospitalization rates among children continue to remain very low
- Unvaccinated: no dose or <3 weeks since receipt of 1<sup>st</sup> dose
- Partially vaccinated = 1 dose:  $\geq 3$  weeks since receipt of 1<sup>st</sup> dose and <2 weeks after 2<sup>nd</sup> dose
- Fully vaccinated = 2 doses: 2 weeks or more after receipt of 2<sup>nd</sup> dose

# Over the past week, fully vaccinated individuals represented 67% of BC's total population, but accounted for only 22% of cases and 10% of hospitalizations.

These % fluctuate over time. There are many more vaccinated individuals than unvaccinated individuals, and thus it is important to take the denominator into account. These figures do not represent vaccine effectiveness.

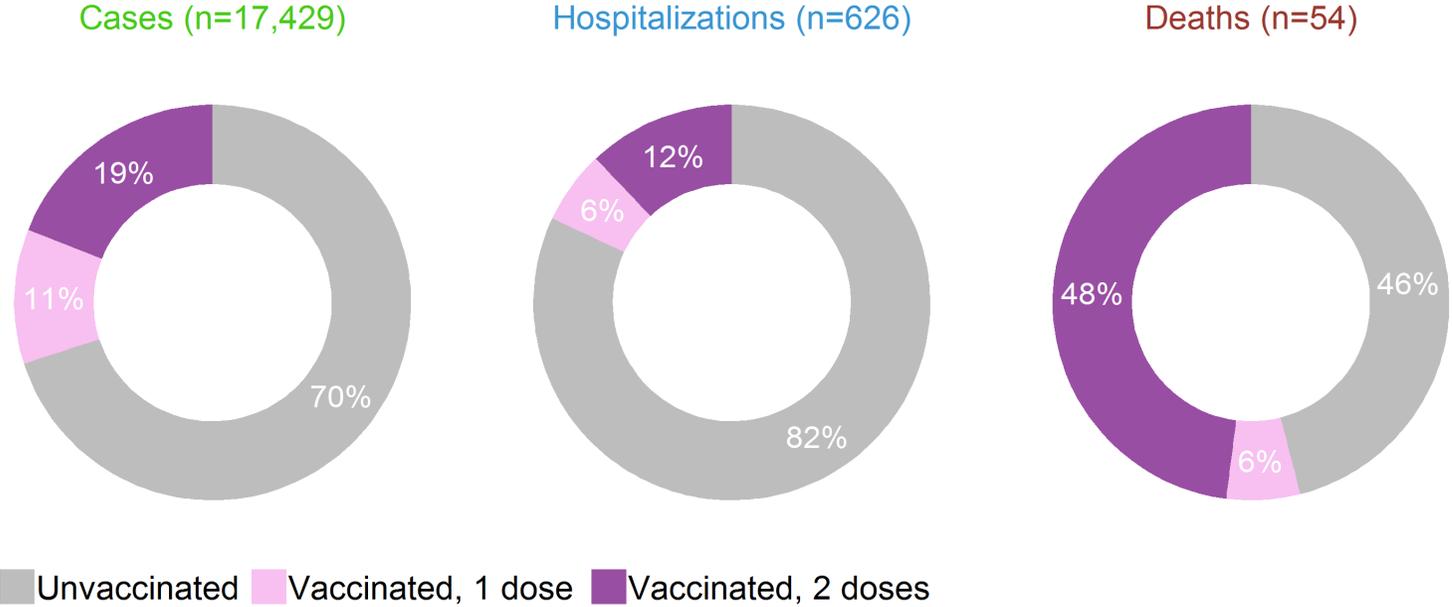


Data include cases from Aug 31-Sep 06, and hospitalizations from Aug 28-Sep 03, 2021

We operate in a live database environment and data get updated retrospectively. These figures were run on Tuesday Sep 7th and may differ slightly from previously reported counts. Cases are captured based on surveillance date. Hospitalizations are by admission date. Please note that there is often a multiple-days lag in recording hospitalizations, e.g. some hospital admissions that occurred on Aug 24<sup>th</sup> may not be captured by our surveillance system until Aug 29<sup>th</sup>.

# Over the past month, fully vaccinated individuals accounted for 19% of cases and 12% of hospitalizations.

These % are expected to increase over time as more people get fully vaccinated and there are fewer unvaccinated people. If 100% of population gets fully vaccinated (which is almost the case for many long term care residents for example), then any new cases, hospitalizations, or deaths will be among vaccinated people.



Deaths continue to occur primarily among older individuals (see next slide), >90% of whom are vaccinated, which explains the higher relative % of deaths among the fully vaccinated.

Data include cases from Aug 10-Sep 06, and hospitalizations and deaths from Aug 07-Sep 03, 2021

We operate in a live database environment and data get updated retrospectively. These figures were run on Sept 7th and thus will differ slightly from previously reported counts. Cases are captured based on surveillance date. Hospitalizations are by admission date. Deaths are by date of death. Please note that there is often a multiple-days lag in recording hospitalizations and deaths, e.g. some hospital admissions that occurred on Aug 24<sup>th</sup> may not be captured in our surveillance system until Aug 29<sup>th</sup>.

# COVID-19 health outcomes by vaccination status and age, BC, Aug 7 – Sep 6, 2021

Trend in % total population vaccinated with at least 1 dose



Vaccinations (all BC; n=5.2M)



Cases (n=17,429)



Trend in daily cases per 1M



Number of people

Number of cases

Number of hospitalizations

Number of deaths

Trend in daily hospitalizations per 1M



Hospitalizations (n=626)



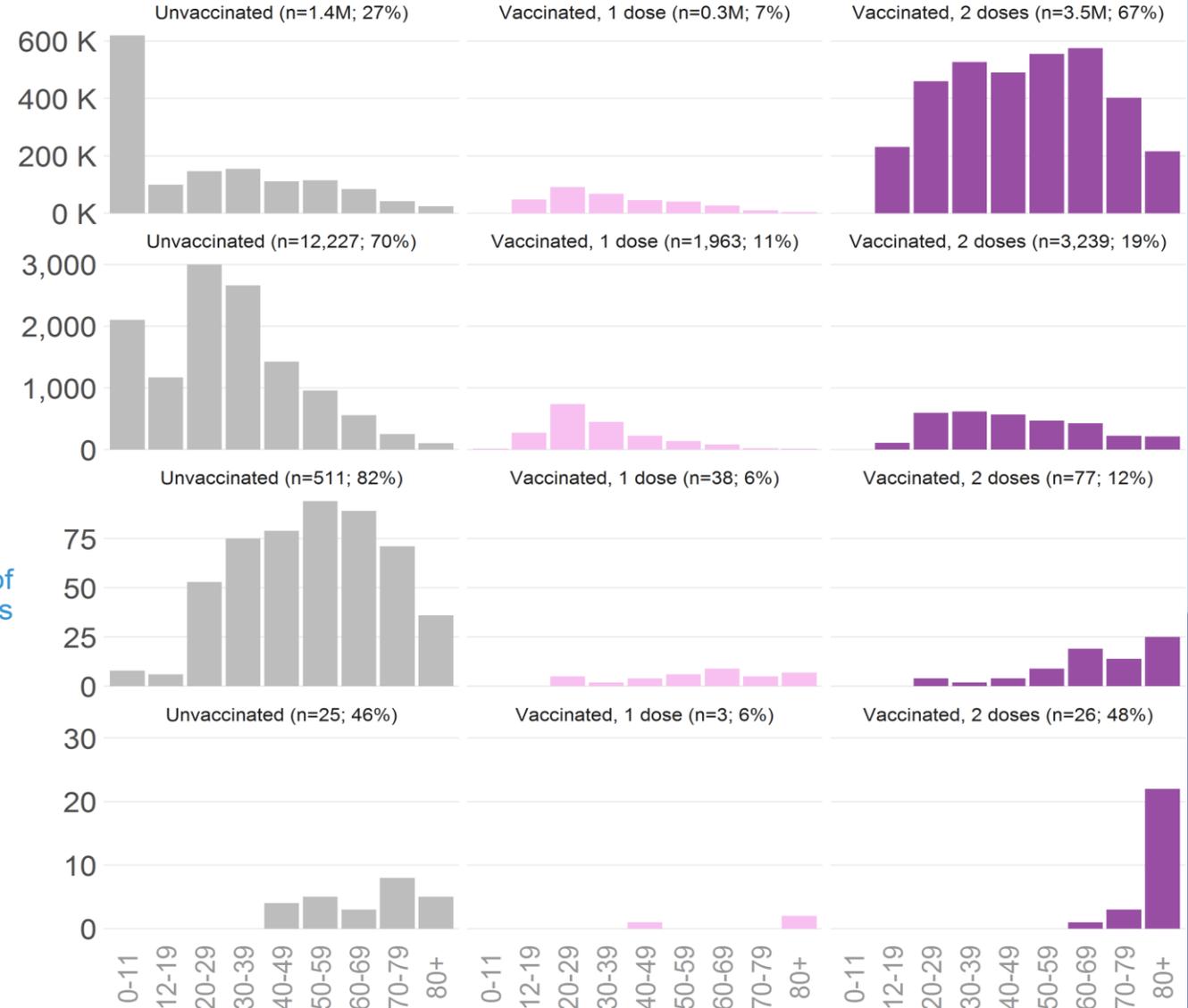
Trend in daily deaths per 1M



Deaths (n=54)



■ Unvaccinated ■ Vaccinated, 1 dose ■ Vaccinated, 2 doses



\*Figures include cases from Aug 10-Sep 06, and hospitalizations and deaths from Aug 07-Sep 03, 2021

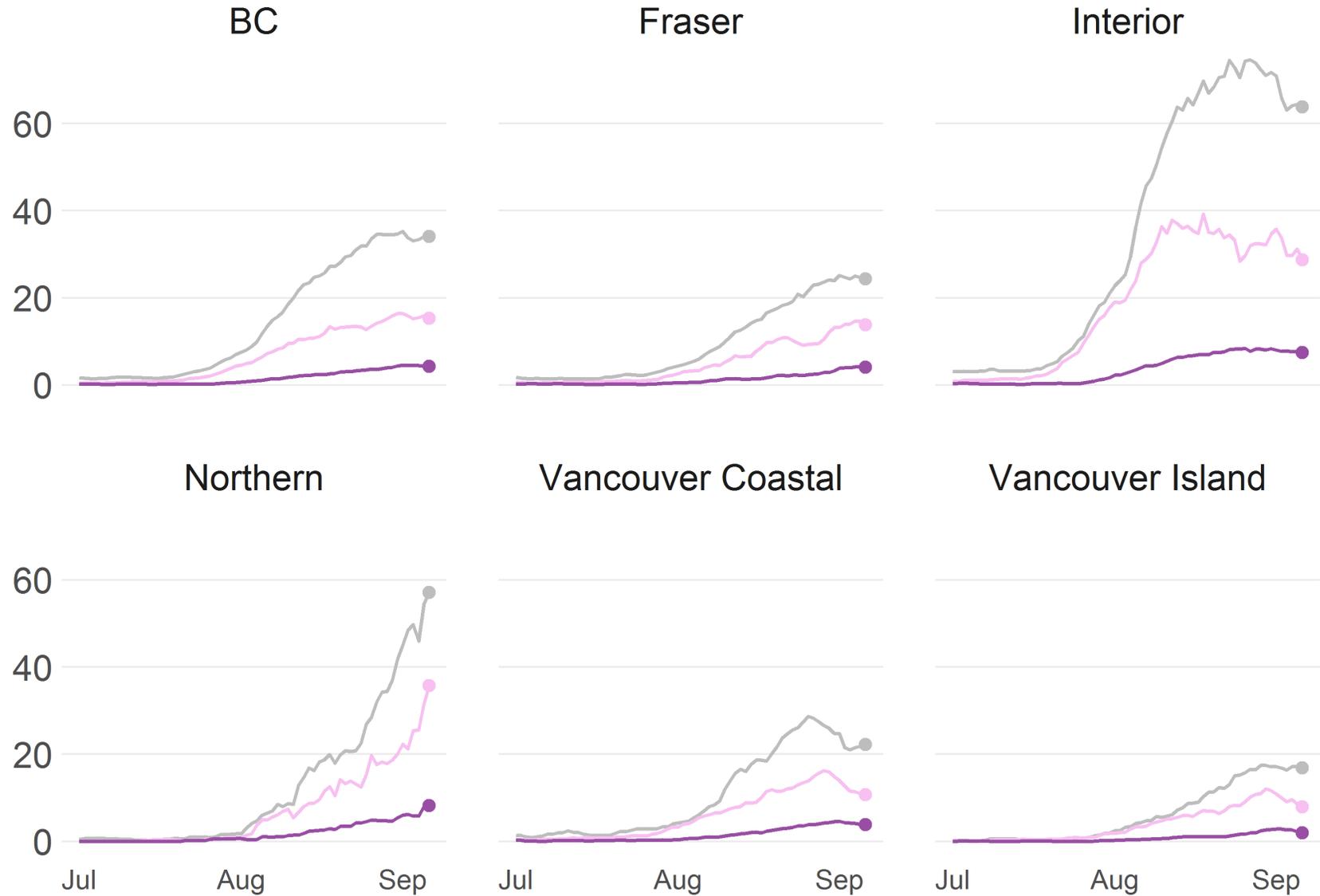
# COVID-19 case rate by vaccination status and Health Authority, July 1 – Sept 7, 2021

In the past week, case rate among the unvaccinated individuals was ~8x higher than case rate among fully vaccinated individuals – but note that this is crude and not adjusted for age (see slide 24).

*Denominators for each vaccine status group are dynamic and change daily as people flow from being unvaccinated to protected by 1 dose to protected by 2 doses. Therefore, the denominators are different across groups and over time.*

Rate of new daily cases per 100,000 population (7-day moving average of crude rate)

● Unvaccinated ● Vaccinated, 1 dose ● Vaccinated, 2 doses

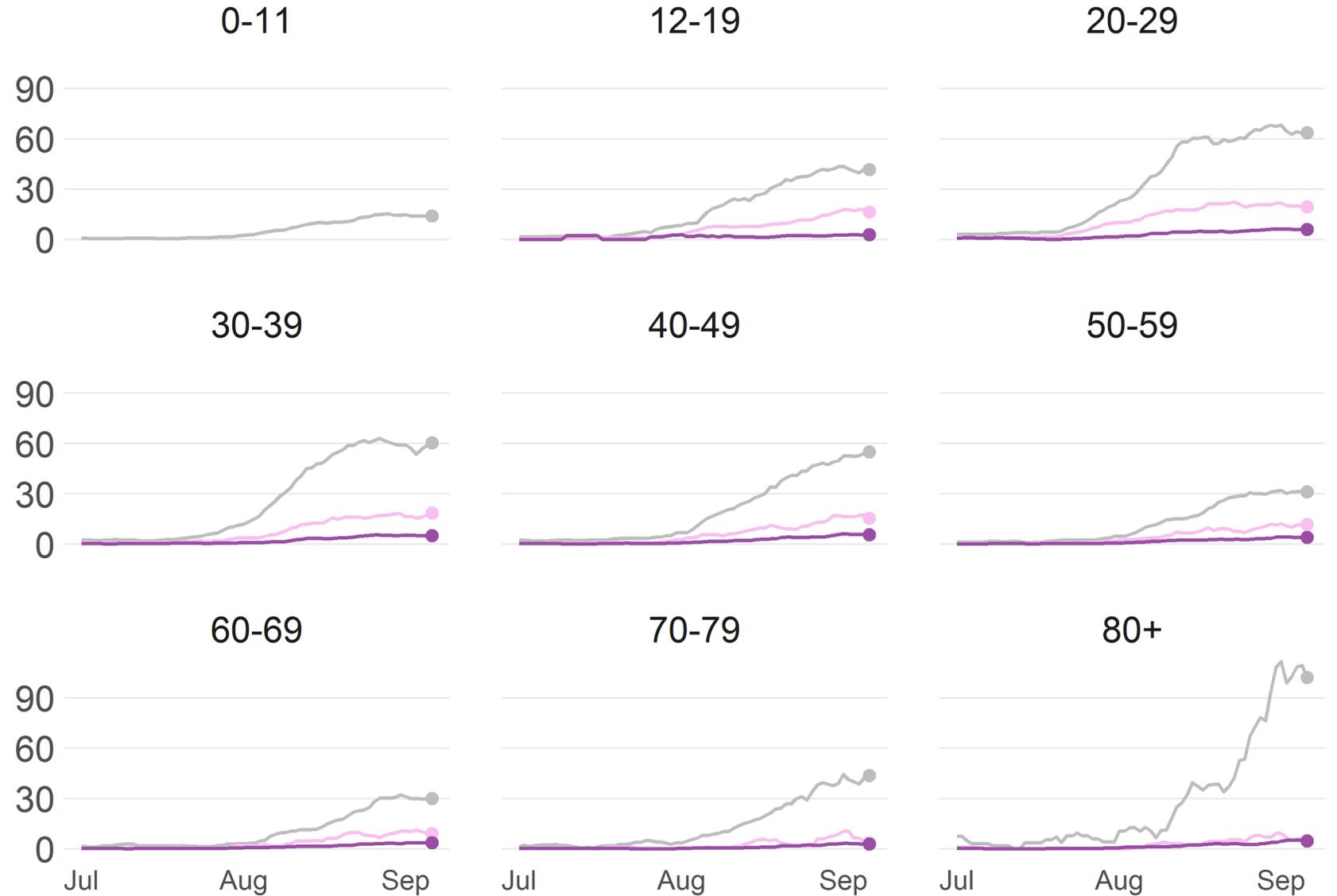


Data extracted from health authority case line list on 07 Sep 2021

# COVID-19 case rate by vaccination status and age, July 1 – Sept 7, 2021

● Unvaccinated ● Vaccinated, 1 dose ● Vaccinated, 2 doses

Rate of new daily cases per 100,000 population (7-day moving average of crude rate)



Denominators for each vaccine status group are dynamic and change daily as people flow from being unvaccinated to protected by 1 dose to protected by 2 doses. Therefore, the denominators are different across groups and over time.

Data extracted from health authority case line list on 07 Sep 2021

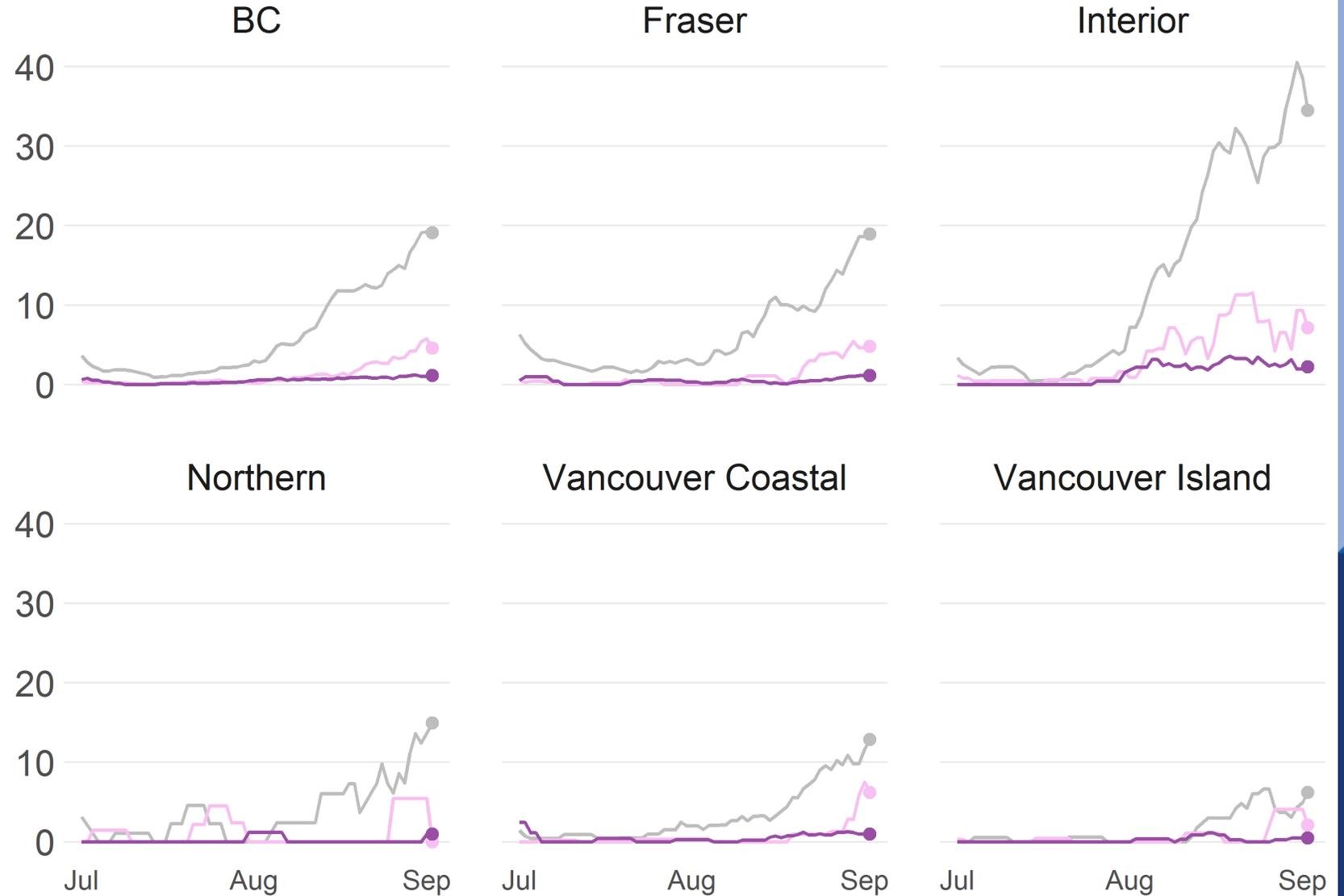
# COVID-19 hospitalization rate by vaccination status, July 1 – Sept 2, 2021

In the past week, hospitalization rate among the unvaccinated individuals was ~17x higher compared with fully vaccinated individuals – but note that this is crude and not adjusted for age (see slide 24).

*Data by hospital admission date. Denominators for each vaccine status group are dynamic and change daily as people flow from being unvaccinated to protected by 1 dose to protected by 2 doses. Therefore, the denominators are different across groups and over time.*

Rate of new daily hospitalizations per 1M population (7-day moving average of crude rate)

● Unvaccinated ● Vaccinated, 1 dose ● Vaccinated, 2 doses



Data extracted from health authority case line and up to 02 Sep 2021

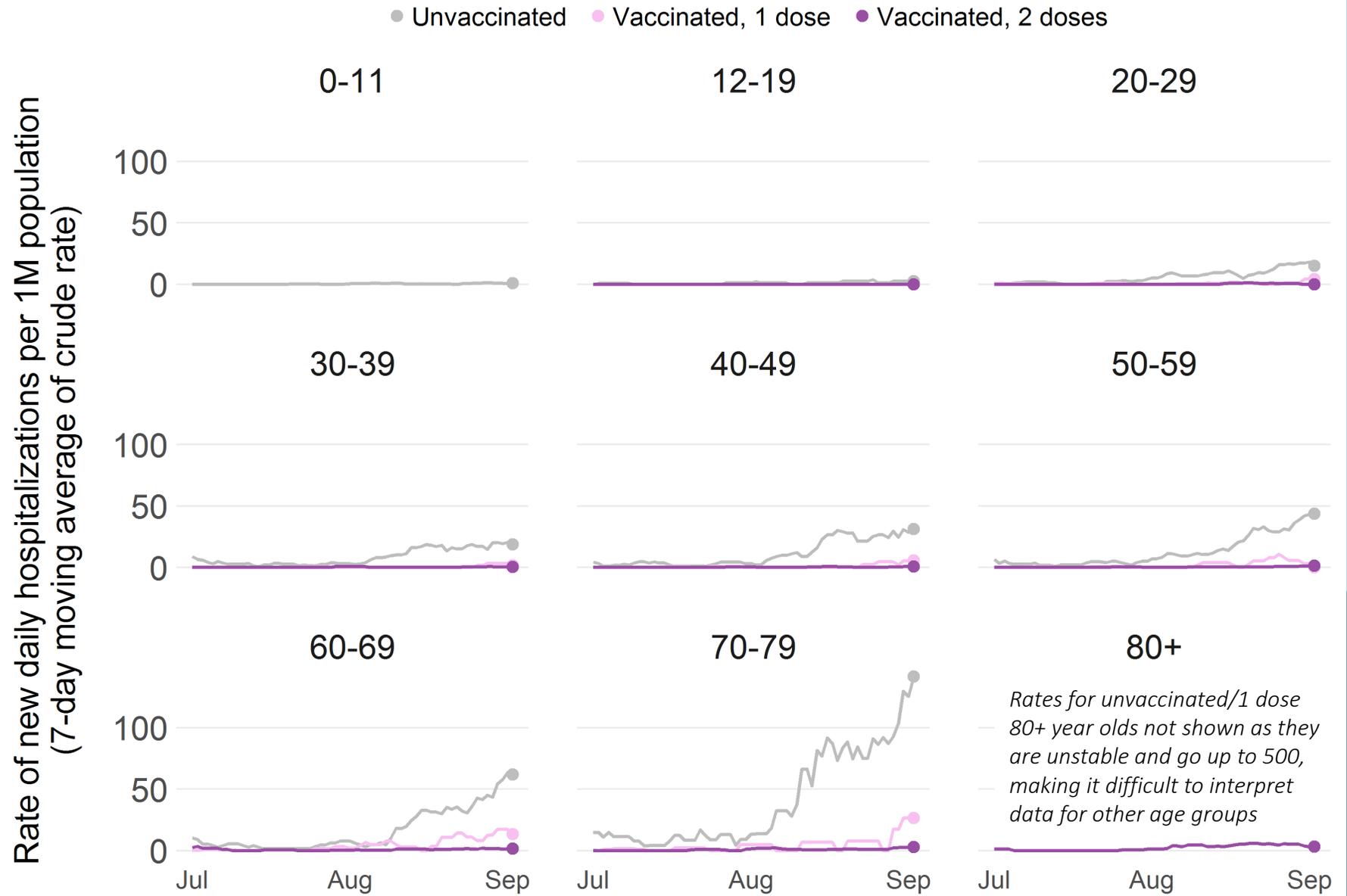
\*\*\*NEW\*\*\* For latest version of these figures, see [COVID-19 Regional Surveillance Dashboard](#)

# COVID-19

## hospitalization rate by vaccination status and age, July 1 – Sept 2, 2021

Given relatively low numbers, please interpret these results with caution. Trends tend to be unstable with lower counts.

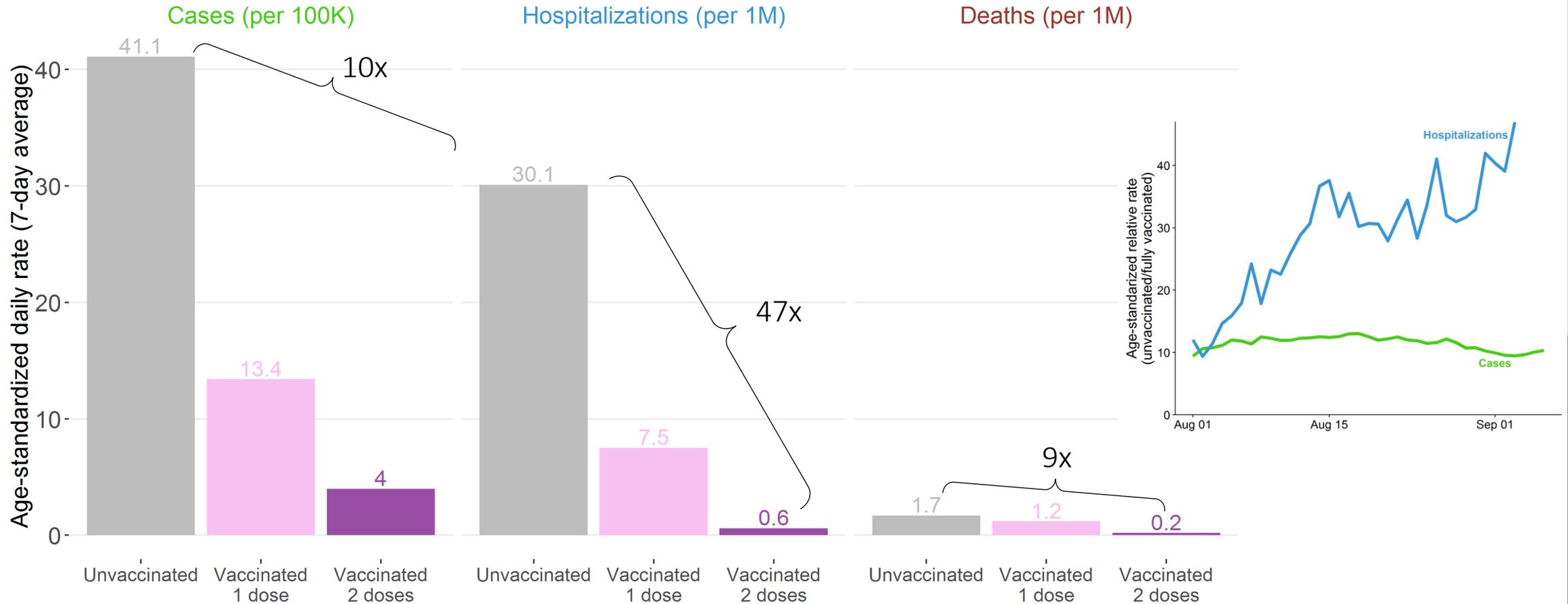
Denominators for each vaccine status group are dynamic and change daily as people flow from being unvaccinated to protected by 1 dose to protected by 2 doses. Therefore, the denominators are different across groups and over time.



Data extracted from health authority case line and up to 02 Sep 2021

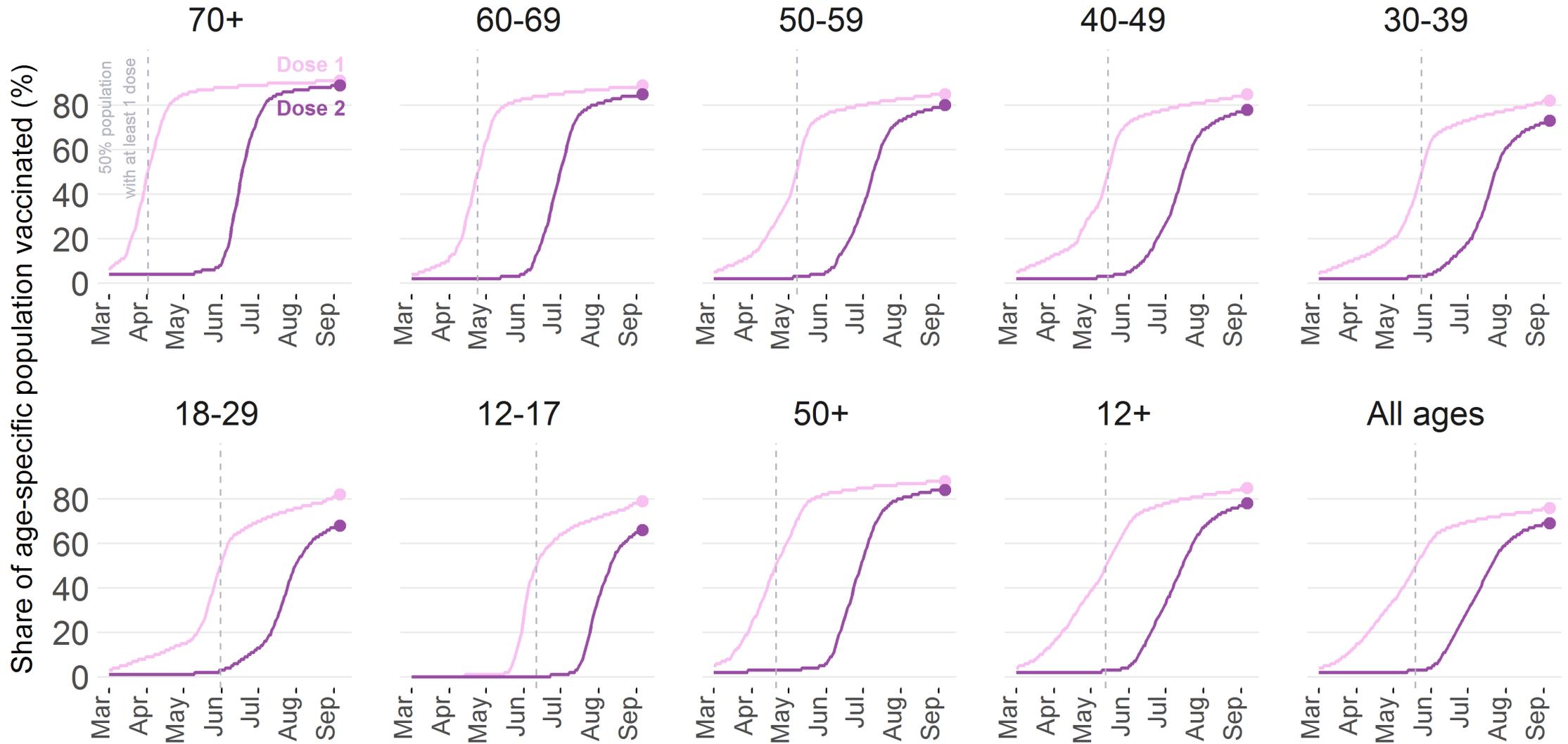
# After adjusting for age, unvaccinated individuals continue to be at a significantly higher risk of infection, hospitalization, and death from COVID-19 compared with fully vaccinated

Relative rate fluctuates over time (see graph to the right). These figures do not represent vaccine effectiveness.



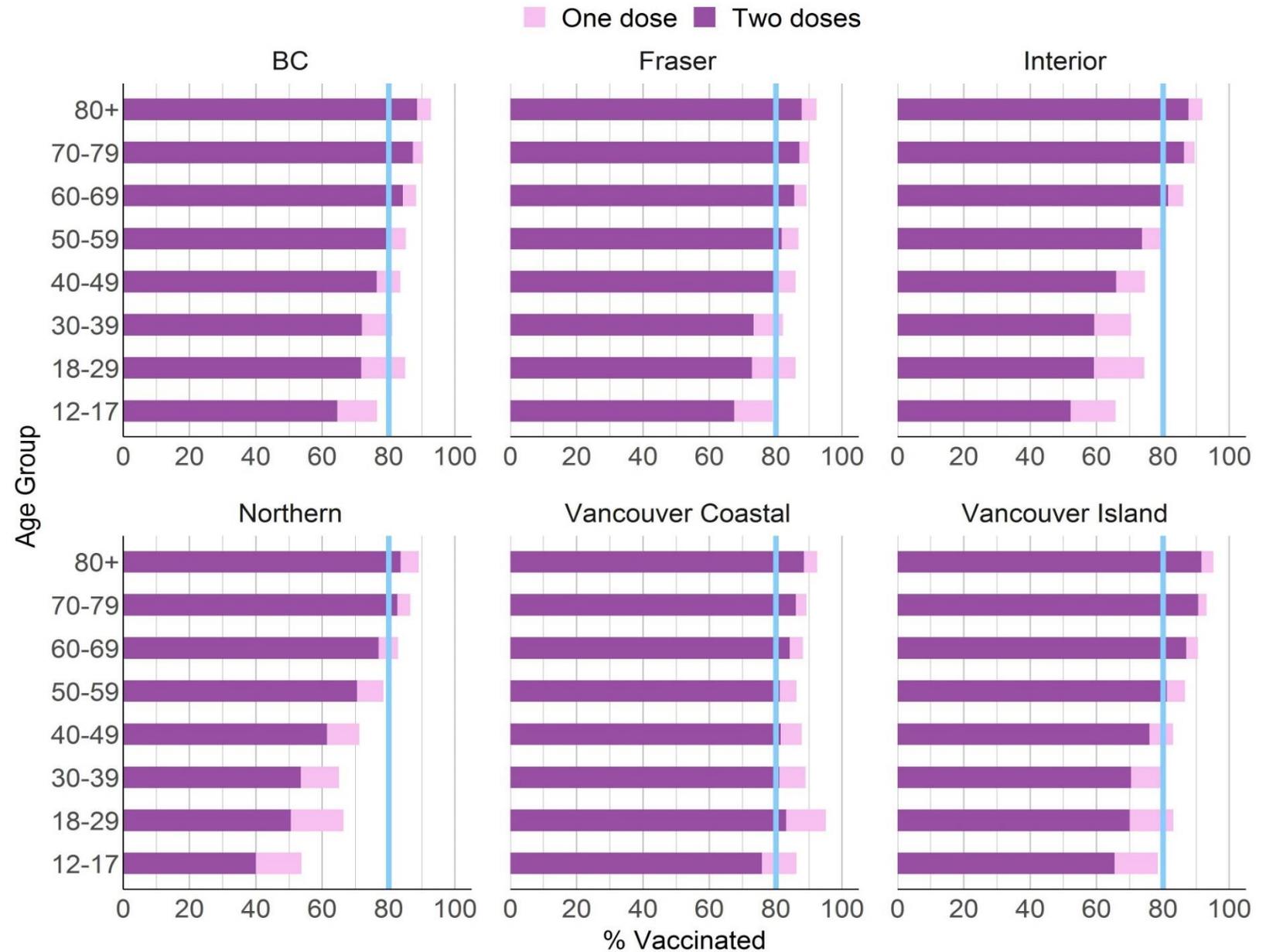
Data include cases from Aug 31-Sep 06, and hospitalizations and deaths from Aug 28-Sep 03, 2021

# Vaccination progress in BC over time by age group and dose number up to Sept 7



Data updated 2021-09-07  
Data Source: Provincial Immunization Registry, PHSA

# Vaccination progress in BC and by Health Authority as of Sept 7, by age group and dose number (%)

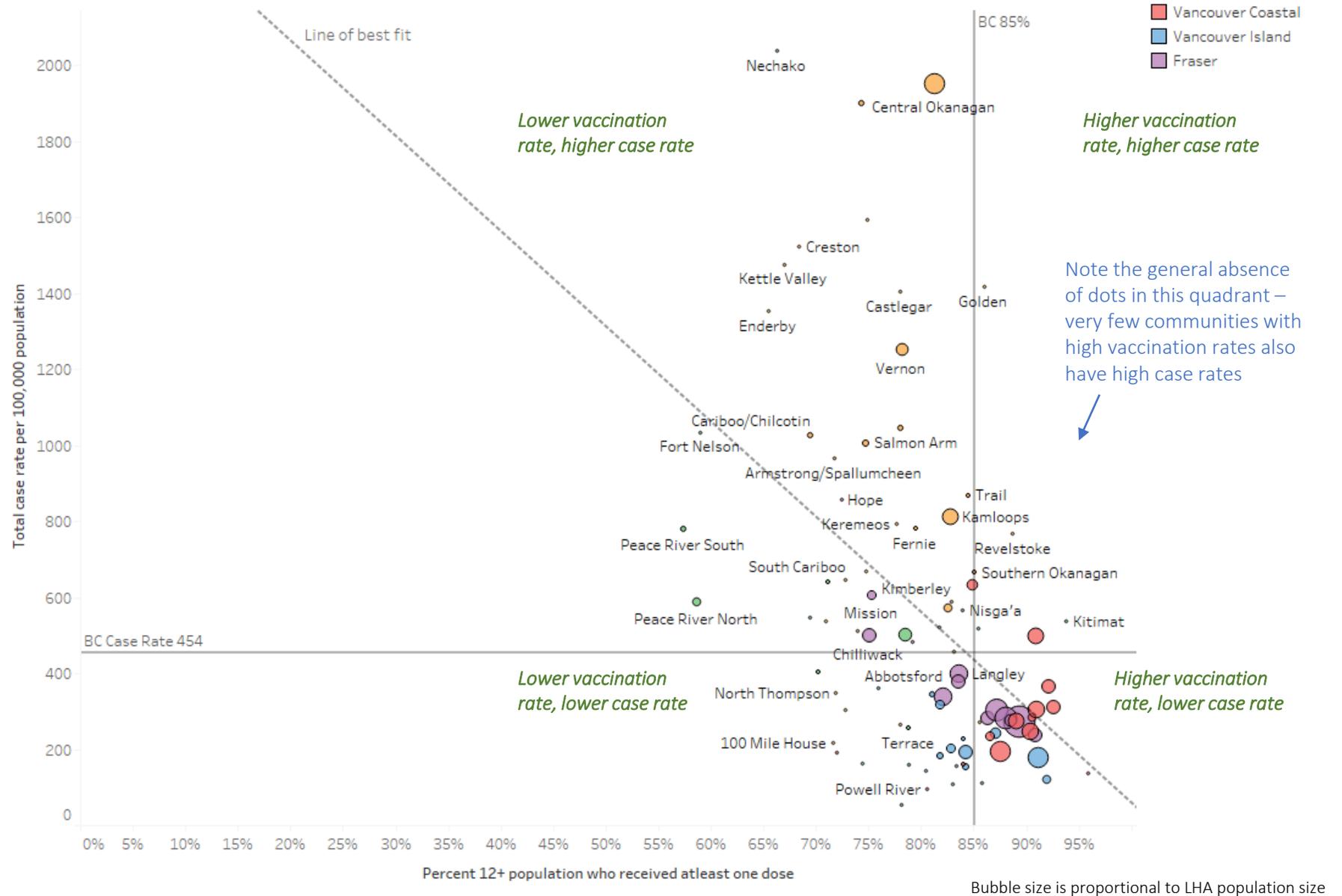


Blue lines at 80% are for visual reference only for easier navigation across panels

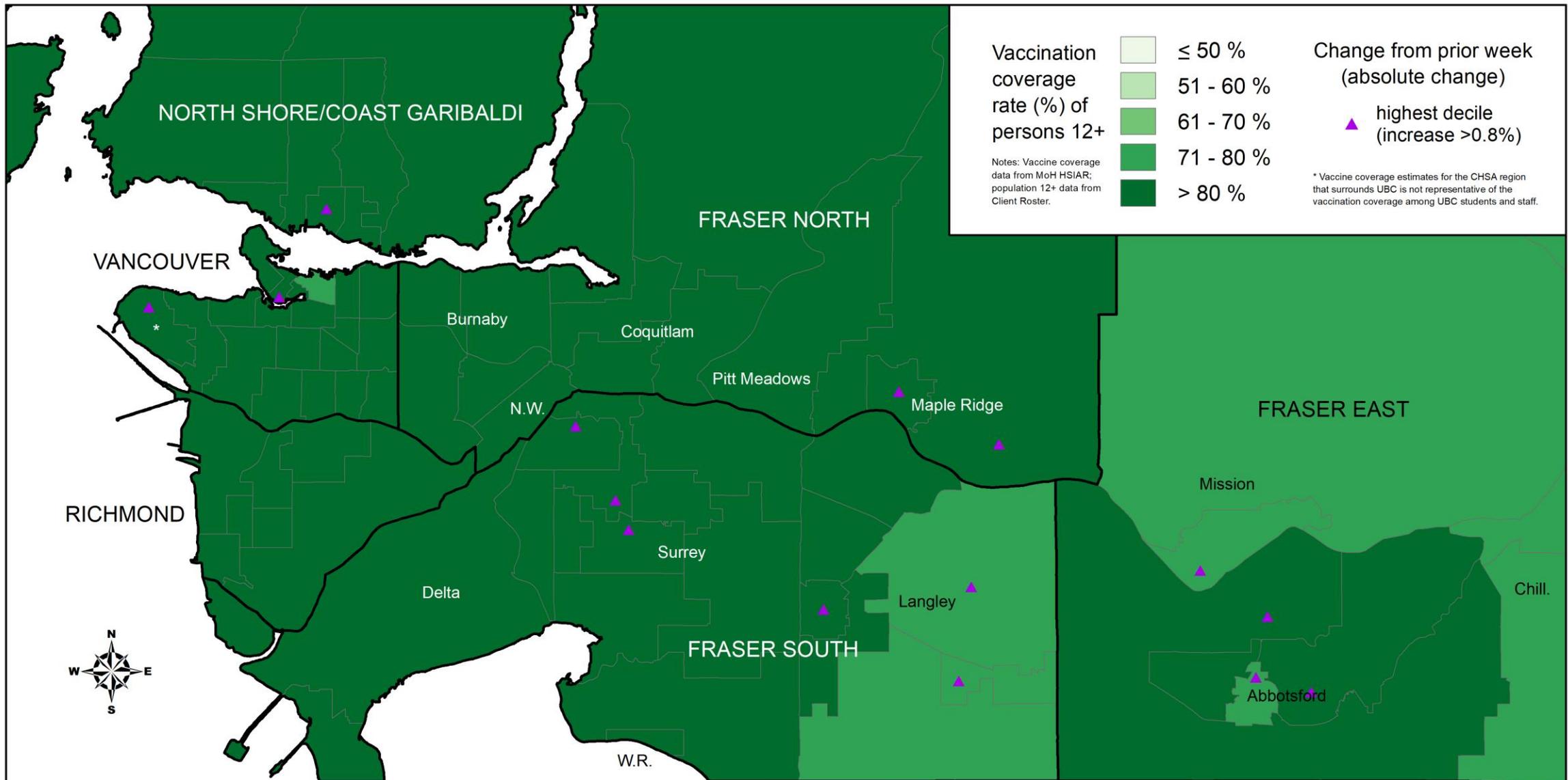
Data updated 2021-09-07  
Data Source: Ministry of Health

BC communities with higher vaccination rates generally had lower total number of cases per capita between July 1 and Sept 7

Total case rate per 100,000 population, by LHA vs Percentage 12+ population who received first dose, Jul. 01 - Sep. 07





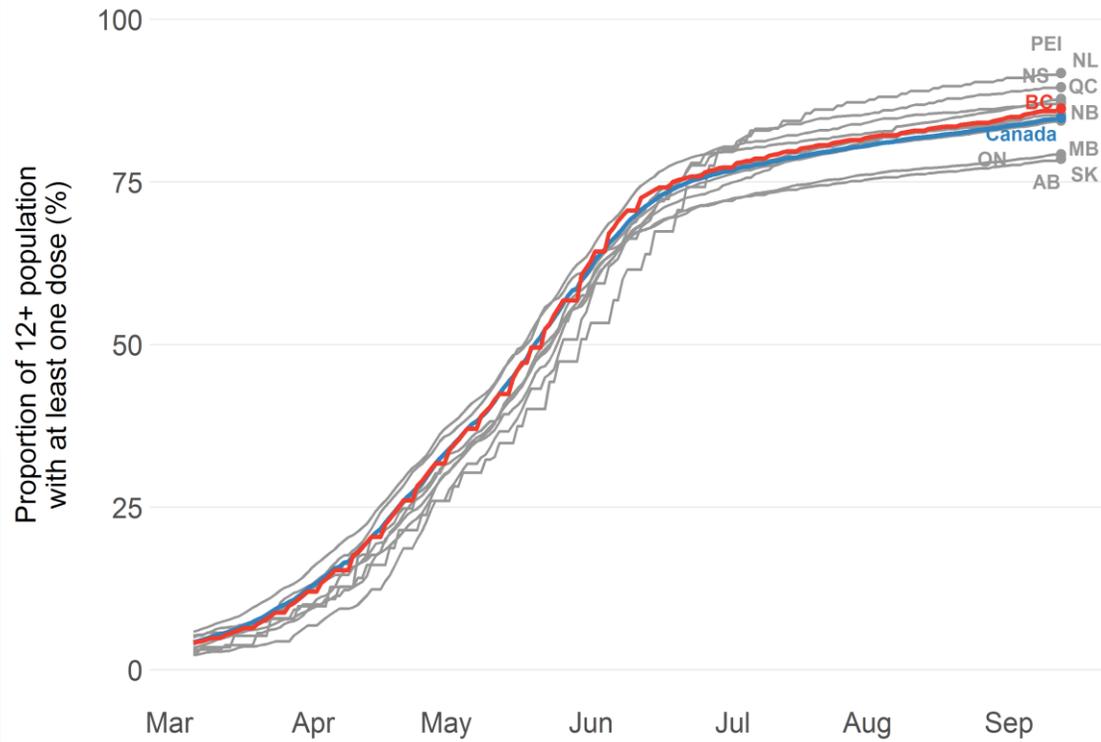


COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage by CHSA: Ages 12+ 1st Dose (up to September 6, 2021)

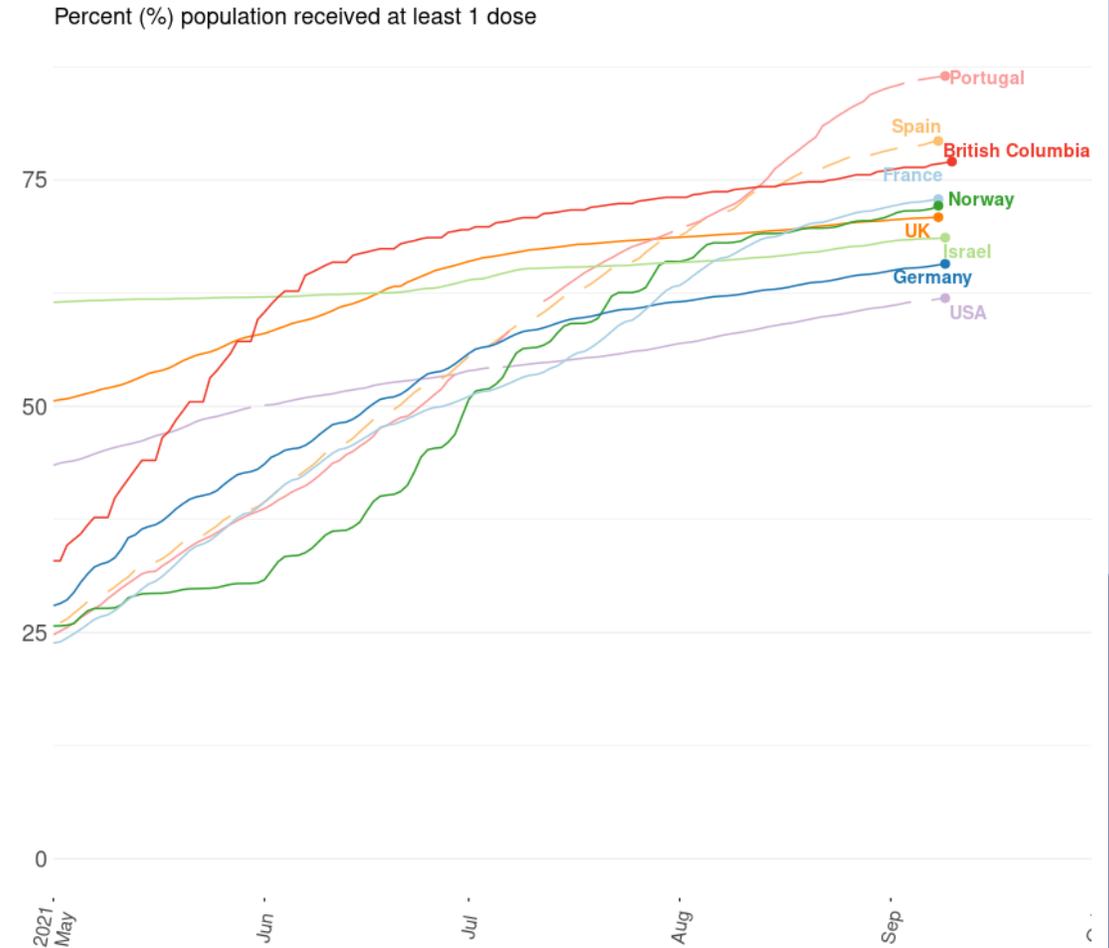
# COVID-19 vaccination coverage with 1st dose among 12-17 year olds, by Local Health Area, up to Sept 6, 2021: there is more variation in this age group compared with older age groups



Nationally, BC's vaccination rate is very close to the Canadian average; internationally, Canada is one of the countries with the highest proportion of the population with at least one dose.



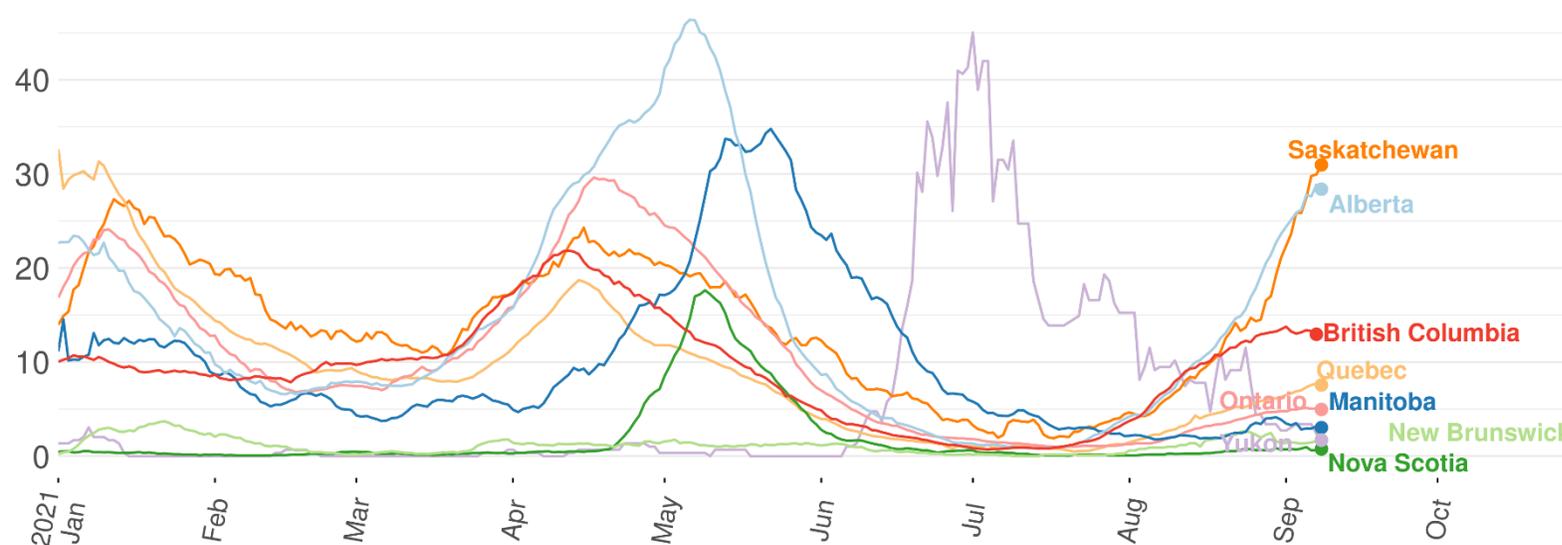
Data from COVID-19 Canada Open Data Working Group and extracted 2021-09-08  
Population denominator from Statistics Canada table 17-10-0005-01; 12-14 year old age group estimated



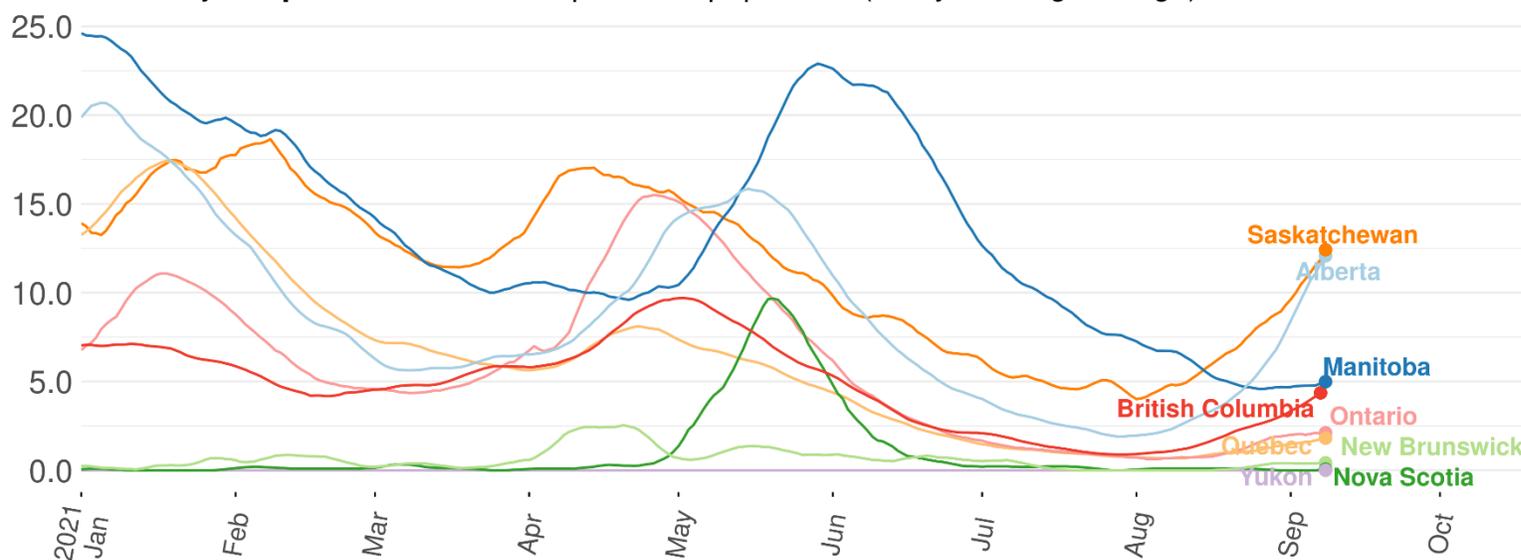
BC's case rate has flattened and has diverged from the continuing increasing trends in AB and SK, but it is higher than in other provinces.

BC's hospital census is increasing more slowly than AB and SK.

New daily **cases** per 100K population (7-day moving average)



New daily **hospitalization census** per 100K population (7-day moving average)

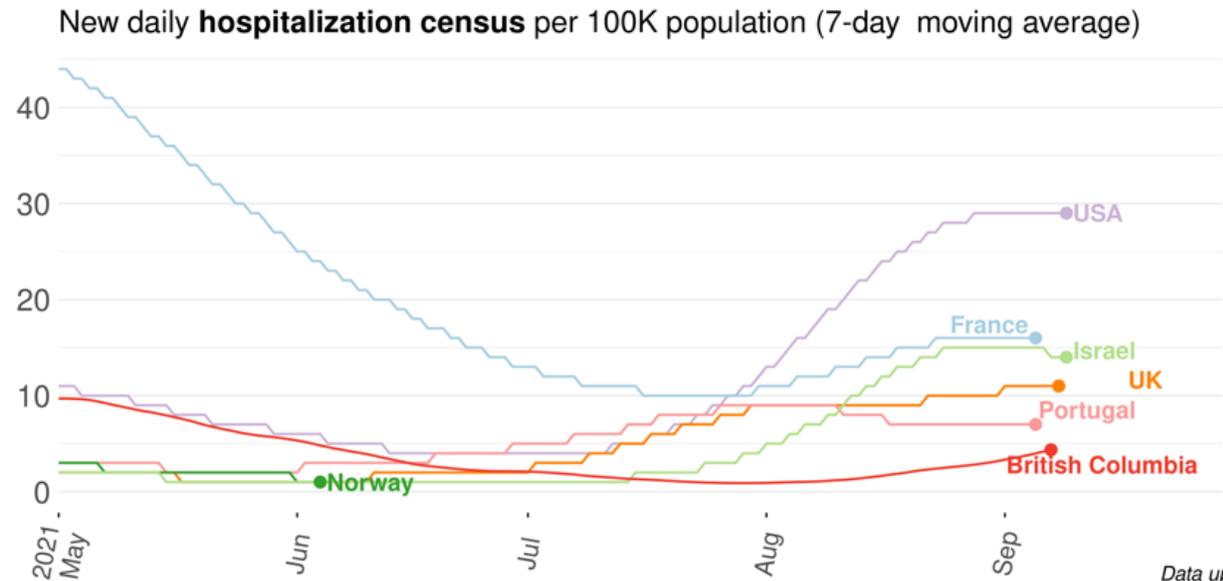
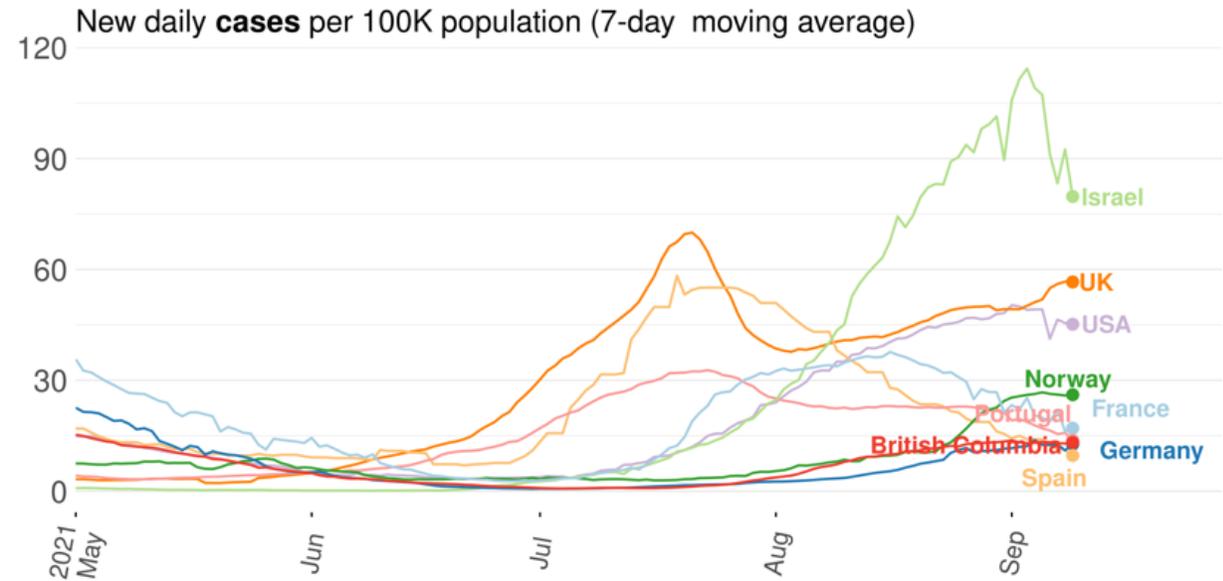


For most up to date figures, and to make your own comparisons, please go to the [Epi App](#)

Data up to 2021-09-08

Case rate is stable in the US, increasing in the UK, and declining in Israel. Case rates for European countries shown here are stable or declining.

Over the past two months, BC's case rate has been similar to Germany's and lower than US, UK and Israel.



For most up to date figures, and to make your own comparisons, please go to the [Epi App](#)

Data up to 2021-09-09

# Lab - Key Messages

- **Percent positivity** among publicly funded tests is stable at  $\approx 9\%$ 
  - Test positivity varies by HA, ranging from 6.5% in VIHA to 24.8% in NH.
  - Test positivity in most of NH and IH is  $>10\%$ ; compared to  $<10\%$  across FH and VCH
  - Case incidence remains highest among 19-29 years, but rate is levelling; % positivity  $>10\%$  among 5 to 29 years.
- Publicly funded **testing rates** were stable this week
- The provincial weekly median **turnaround time** (time from specimen collection to lab result) remains low, at 14 hours indicating good testing capacity; 1 in 4 tests took  $> 20$  hours to result.
- **Delta** is the most prevalent COVID-19 variant in BC representing 99.5% of all sequenced specimens in most recent week.

## Weekly Summary of ALL lab tests performed

<b>3,496,496</b>	total specimens tested
<b>82,667</b>	new this epi week
<b>178,303</b>	total positive specimens
<b>4,956</b>	new positive this epi week
<b>15 hr</b>	mean turnaround time (TAT)
<b>14 [9-20]</b>	Median [Q1 – Q3] TAT

↓ **6%** relative to last week

**6.0%** positivity  
↑ **0.5%** absolute change from last week

↓ **2%** TAT relative to last week

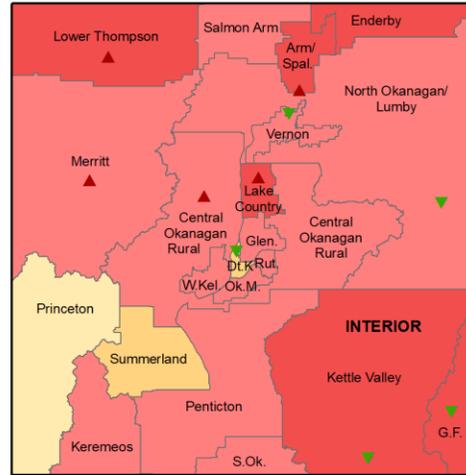
## Weekly Summary of Lab tests paid Publicly

<b>2,649,470</b>	total specimens tested
<b>53,617</b>	new this epi week
<b>176,151</b>	total positive specimens
<b>4,861</b>	new positive this epi week

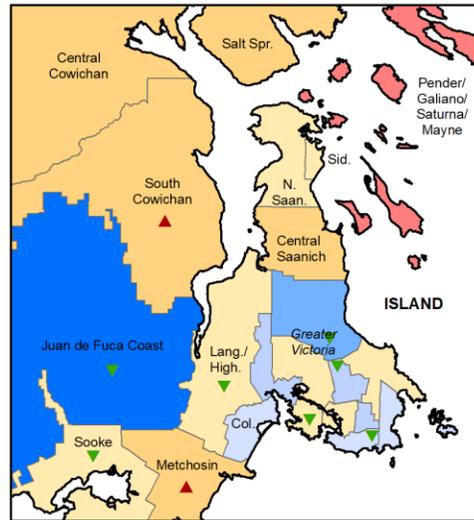
↑ **1%** relative to last week

**9.1%** positivity  
↑ **0.2%** absolute change from last week

Okanagan Inset  
(Community Health Service Areas)

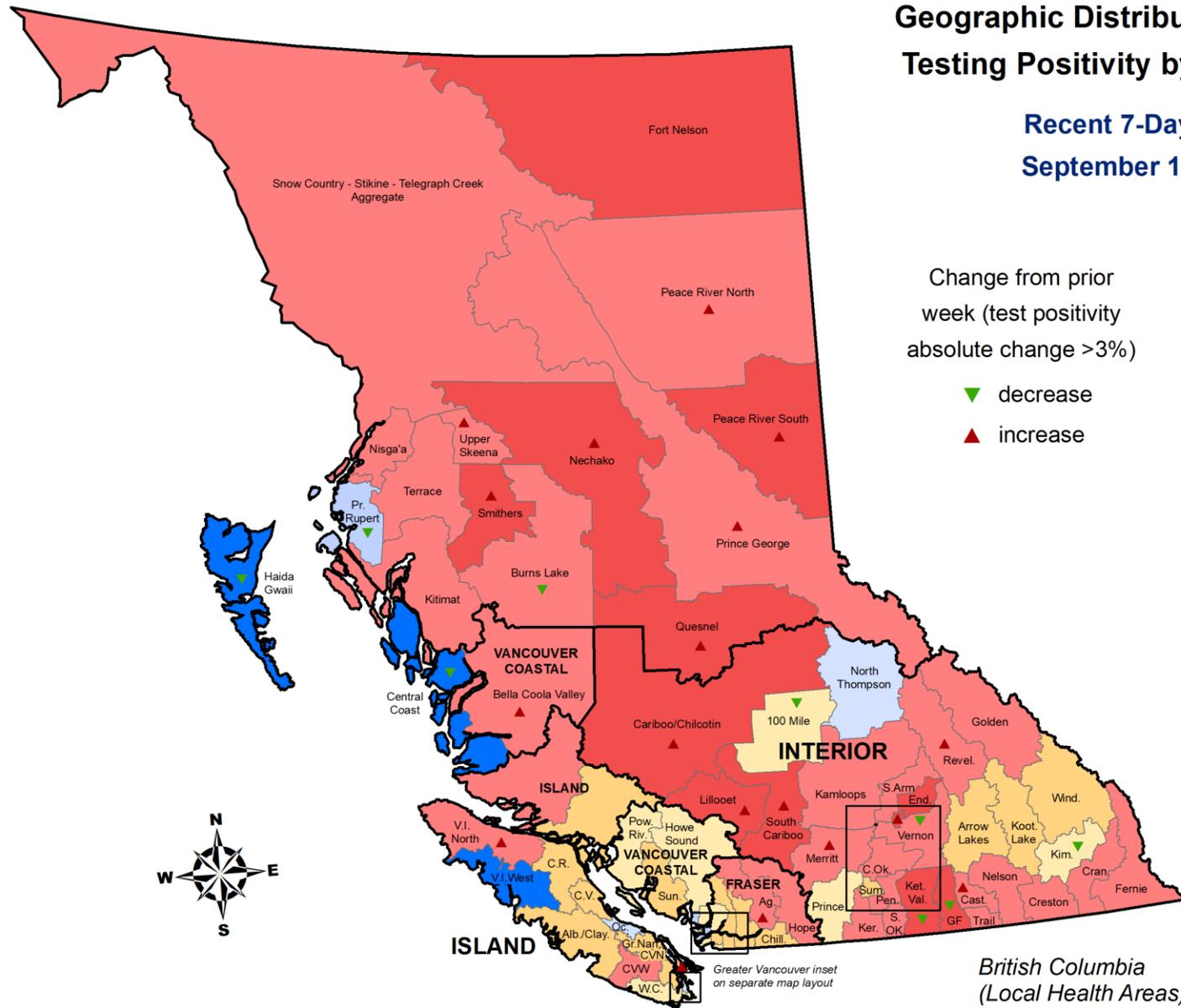


Greater Victoria Inset  
(Community Health Service Areas)



# Geographic Distribution of COVID-19 Testing Positivity by LHA and CHSA

Recent 7-Days Testing  
September 1 to 7, 2021



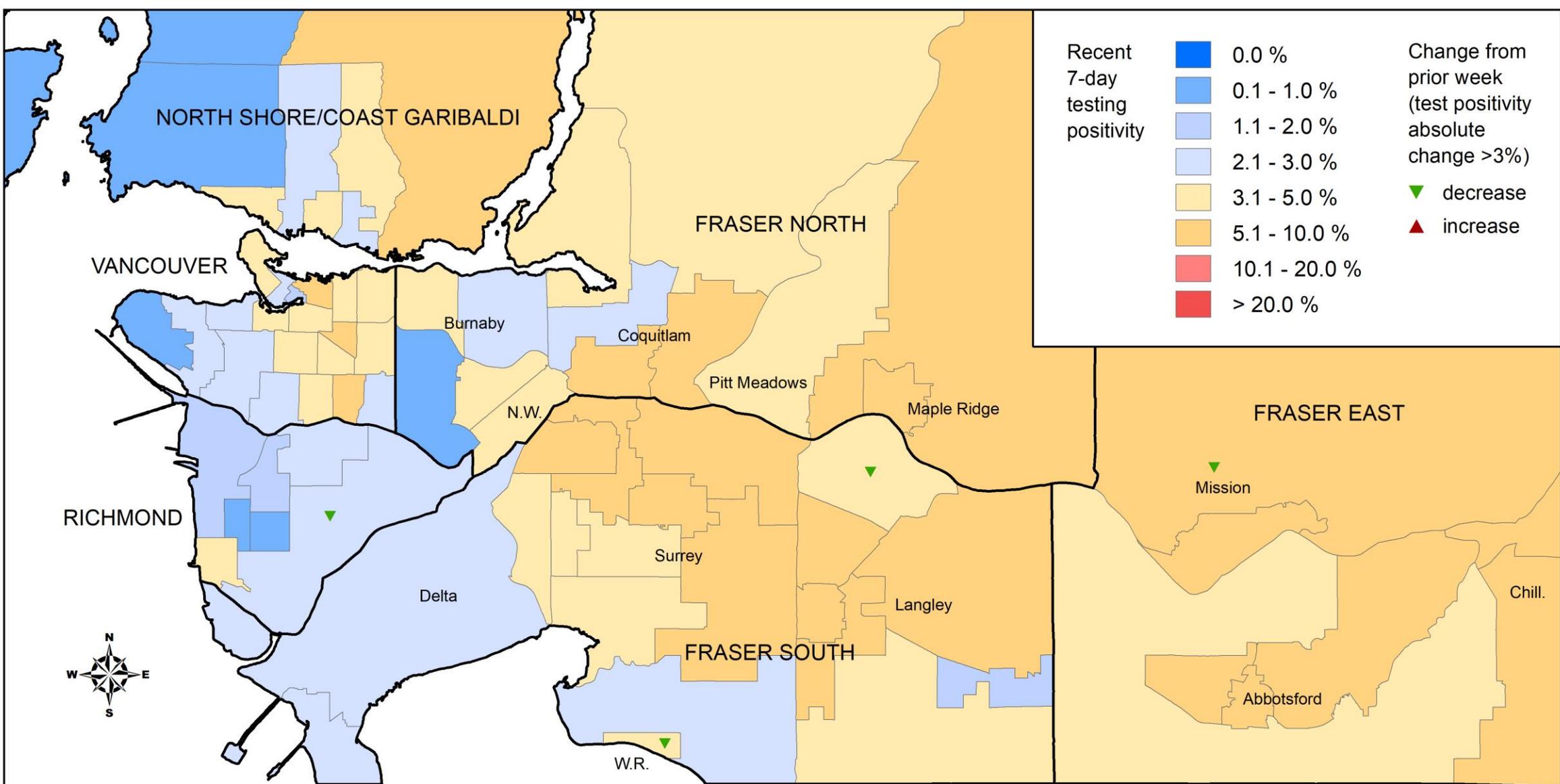
Change from prior week (test positivity absolute change >3%)

- ▼ decrease
- ▲ increase

Test positivity rate

- 0.0 %
- 0.1 - 1.0 %
- 1.1 - 2.0 %
- 2.1 - 3.0 %
- 3.1 - 5.0 %
- 5.1 - 10.0 %
- 10.1 - 20.0 %
- > 20.0 %

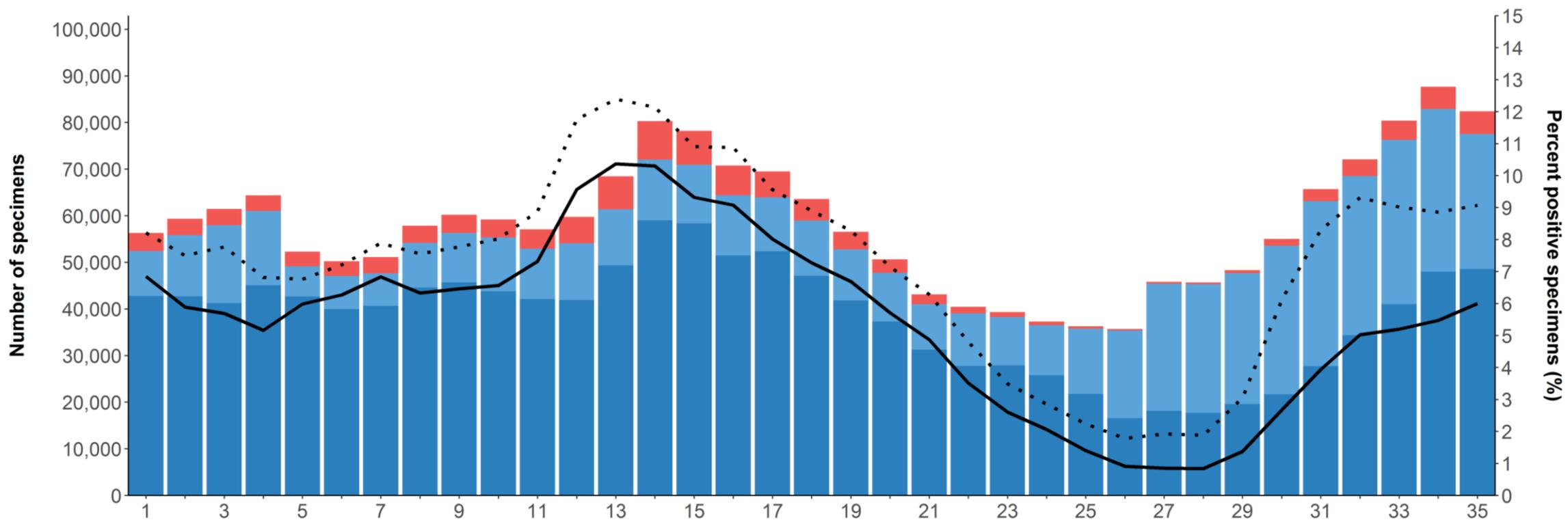
Data source: BCCDC Public Health Laboratory PLOVER system (all tests performed). Data are by testing result date, and location of client's residence or if missing, physician's address.



COVID-19 Recent 7-Day Test Positivity by CHSA (September 1 to 7, 2021)

Includes all tests

# Among publicly funded tests: percent positivity is stable at ~9%, and number of tests is stable.



Collection date by epidemiological week

..... Line represents percent positive for MSP only payers.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Percent Positive    Non MSP - Positive    MSP - Positive    Non MSP - Negative    MSP - Negative

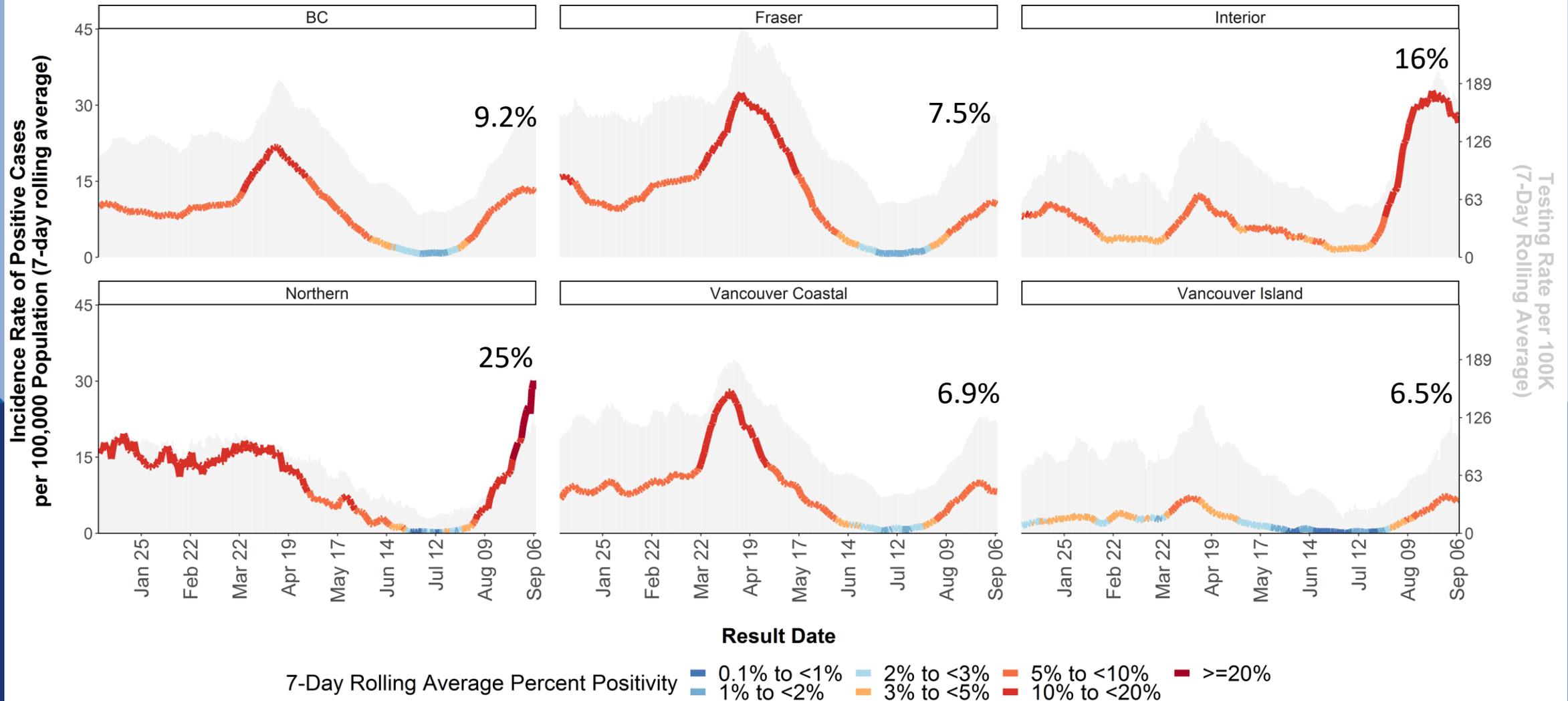
\_\_\_\_\_ Line represents percent positive for non-MSP and MSP payers.

Note: Invalid (n = 1381) and indeterminate (n = 5194) results have been excluded

Data source: PLOVER 08-Sep-2021

# Test positivity is highest in Northern Health (25%) and Interior Health (16%)

Case incidence rate, test percent positivity, and testing rate (Public Payers Only). Jan 1 2020 - Sep 7, 2021.

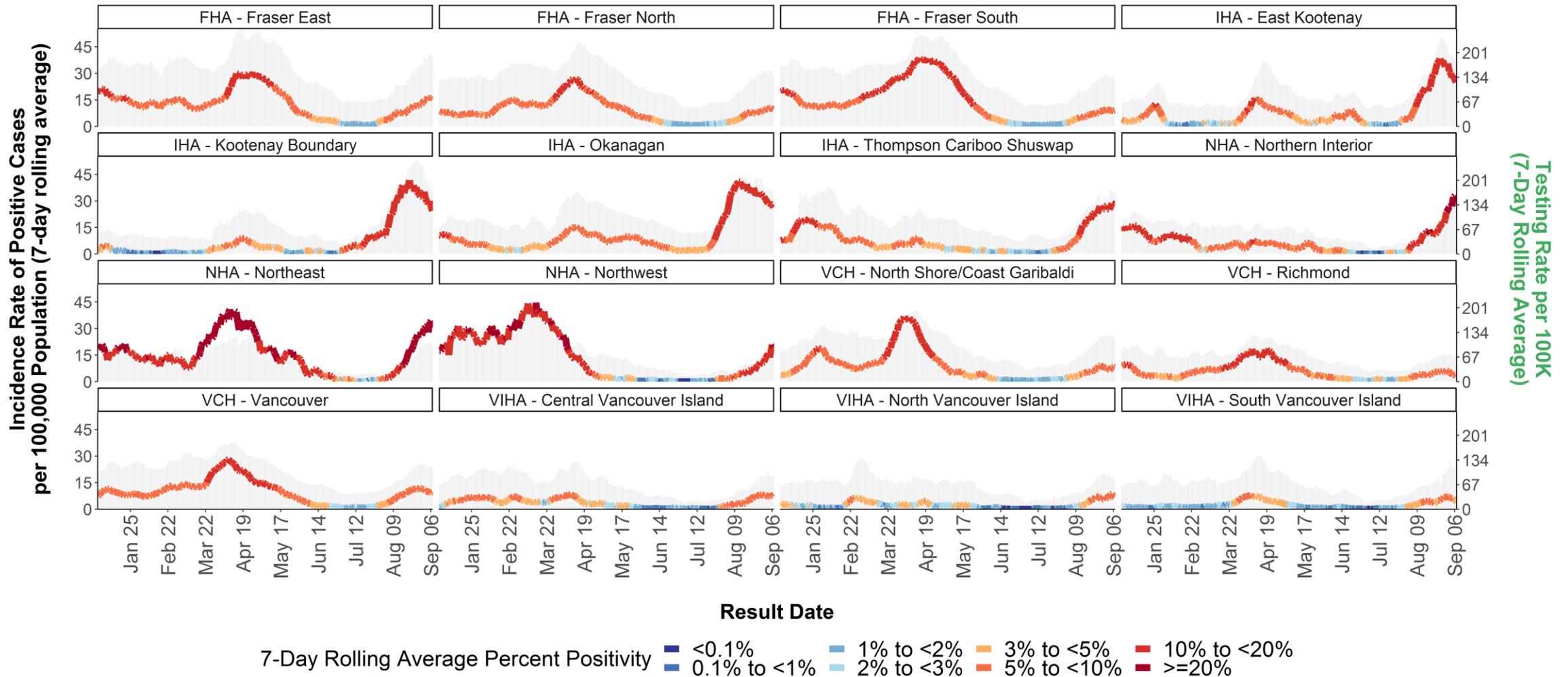


Data source: PLOVER 07-Sep-2021

For latest version of a graph similar to this one (difference: all tests, not public tests), see the [Epi App](#)

# Test positivity is high and stable or decreasing in Interior HSDAs, and high and increasing in Northern HSDAs

Case incidence rate, test percent positivity, and testing rate by HSDA (Public Payers Only).  
Jan 1 2021 - Sep 7, 2021.

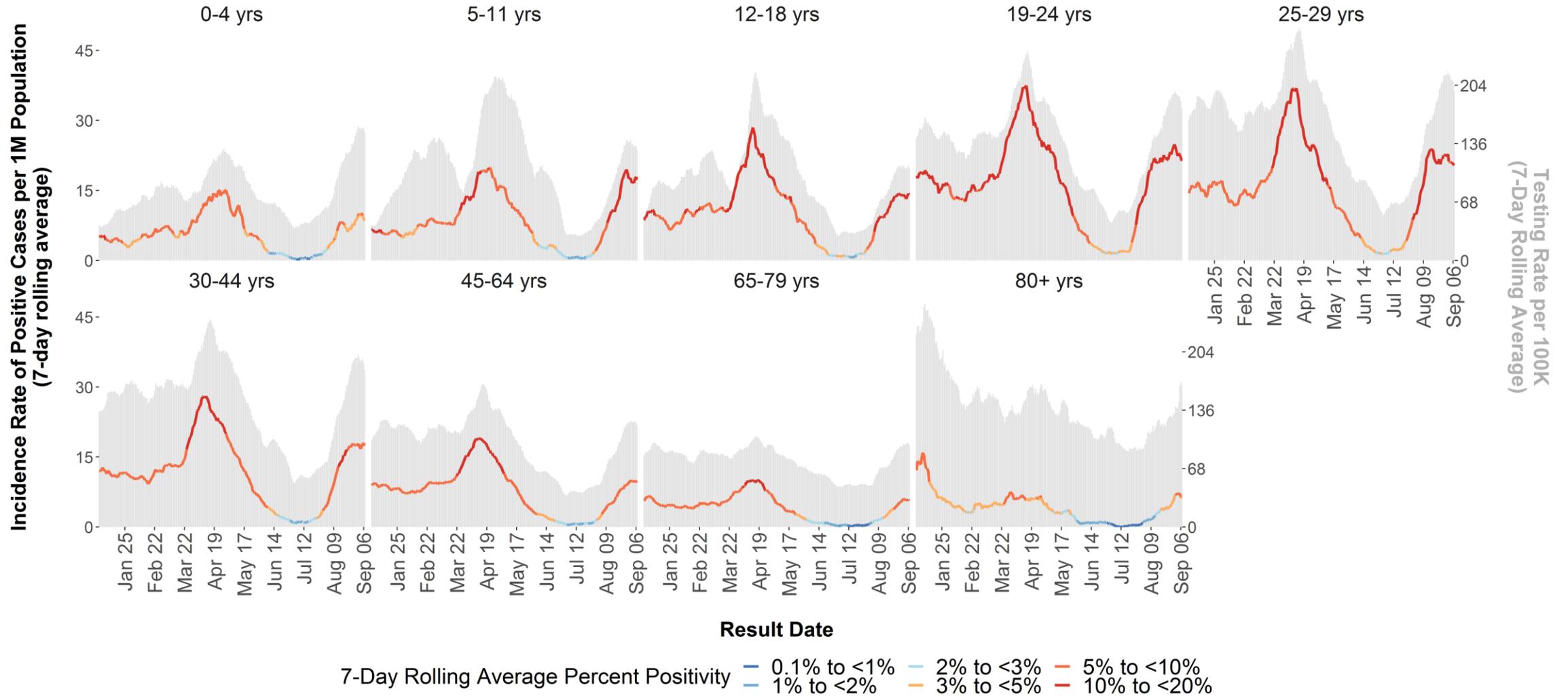


Data source: PLOVER 07-Sep-2021

For latest version of a graph similar to this one (difference: all tests, not public tests), see the [Epi App](#)

# Case incidence rate remains highest among 19-29 years, but rate is levelling; % positivity >10% among 5 to 29 years.

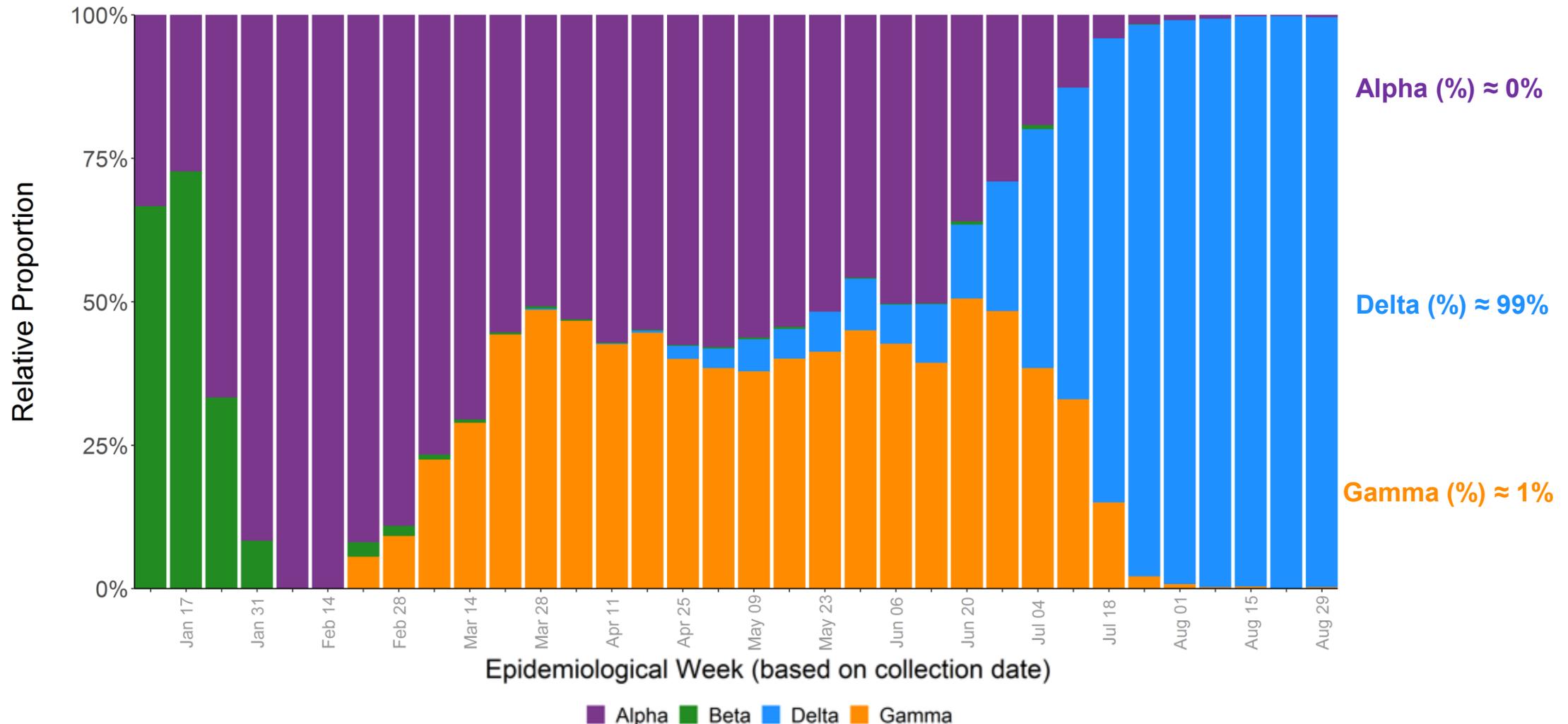
Case incidence rate, test percent positivity, and testing rate by age (Public Payers Only). Jan 1 2020 - Sep 7, 2021.



Data source: PLOVER 07-Sep-2021

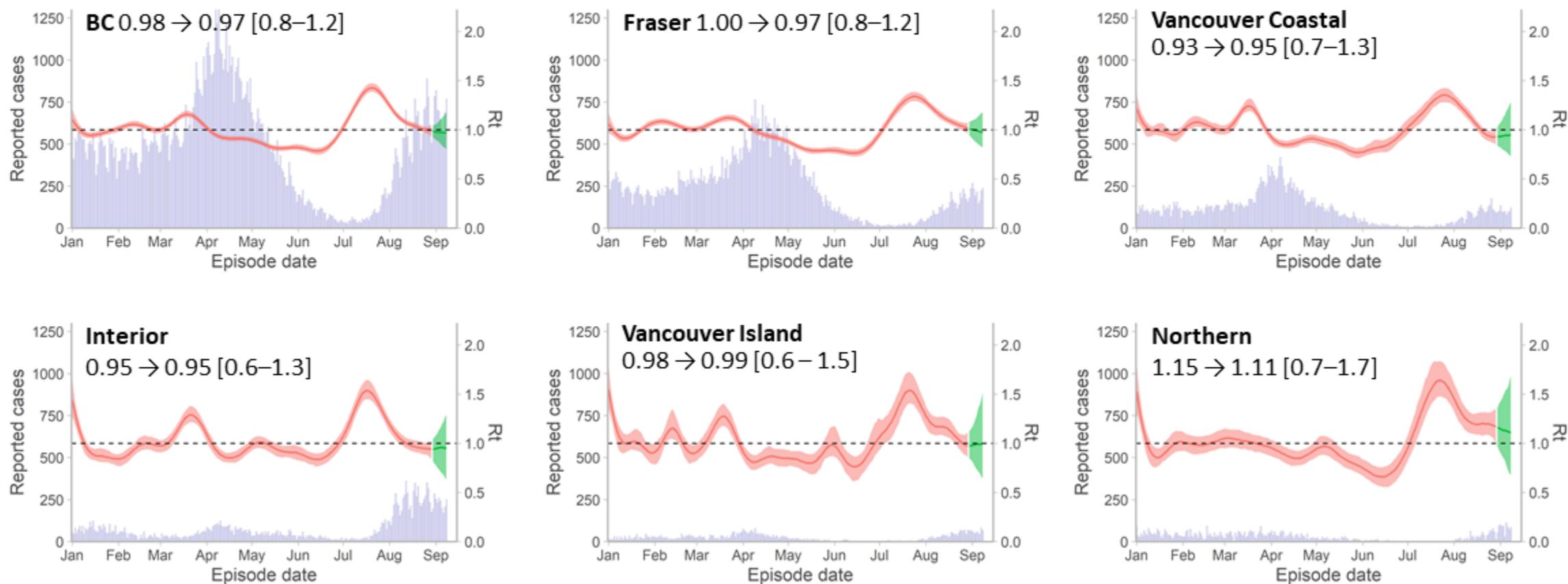
# Among sequenced VOC samples provincially based on information for August 29 to September 4, the dominant VOC continues to be Delta 99%

Relative Proportion of VoCs in BC by Epiweek of Collection Date



# Dynamic modeling: recent trends

Modelling indicates that  $R_t$  has declined to near 1 in all regions. Estimates are shown for last week  $\rightarrow$  this week, with 90% range of possible values given next to most recent estimate.



Solid line: median  $R_t$ , modeled using all reported cases up to Sept 8, 2021; Red band: 5%-95% credible interval; Green band: estimate based on partial data. Purple bars: all reported cases. Due to lag from symptom onset to reporting, most recent case counts and  $R_t$  are not shown. Recent trend shown comparing median  $R_t$  estimate from (last week  $\rightarrow$  this week; 5% - 95% credible interval). Only January 2021 onward shown here. Data source: BCCDC HA linelist.

# Additional Resources

- BCCDC COVID-19 Regional Surveillance Dashboard showing maps, vertical plots, and trends by LHA can be found [here](#)
- More BC COVID-19 data, including the latest Situation Report, maps, and BC COVID-19 public dashboard, can be found [here](#)
- For more information on variants of concern and whole genome sequencing, the latest report is posted [here](#)
- To put BC provincial, Health Authority, and HSDA trajectories into national and international context, see [BCCDC COVID-19 Epidemiology app](#)
- [COVID SPEAK 2020 Round 1 Survey results](#)
- Slides for previous public and modelling briefings by Dr. Bonnie Henry can be found [here](#)
- PHAC's COVID-19 Epidemiology update can be found [here](#)