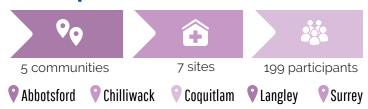
Fraser Health

2018 BC Harm Reduction Client Survey

The B.C. Harm Reduction Program administered a survey to harm reduction supply distribution site clients across BC in 2018 to assess regional differences in drug use and inform harm reduction planning and quality improvement.

Who took part in Fraser?



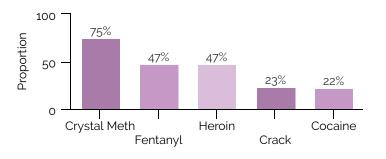
Self-identified gender



Drug use

More than half of respondents identified SMOKING or INHALATION as the preferred method of drug use, while 28% preferred injection, and 6% preferred snorting.

Past week self-reported drug use



Overdose

experienced an OPIOID OVERDOSE in the past six months

experienced a STIMULANT OVERDOSE in the past six months

64% witnessed an OPIOID OVERDOSE in the past six months

Potential harms



Of 133 people that used pipes from harm reduction sites to smoke drugs:

- 27% used a second-hand pipe
- 15% injected instead when they couldn't find unused smoking equipment



Of 75 people that injected drugs in the past month:

- 18% had trouble getting unused needles
- 11% had fixed with a needle used by someone else

About half of participants reported using drugs alone some of the time. Reasons for using drugs alone included:

- convenience and comfort:
- not having anyone else around;
- · not wanting to share drugs; and,
- not wanting others to know.

Keeping safe and harm reduction



70% of participants owned a Take Home Naloxone kit, but less than half owned a cell phone.



Of those that injected drugs, half had injected at an Overdose Prevention Services site in the past month.

Of 91 people that tried to access opioid agonist therapy (OAT) in the past six months, 1 in 5 reported difficulties including:



- unable to find prescribing physician
- clinic fees were too high
- prescription stopped due to positive urine test
- worry about being stigmatized at clinic









