2022 BC Harm Reduction Client Survey

The B.C. Harm Reduction Program administered a survey to its distribution site clients across BC from November 2022 to January 2023 to assess regional differences in drug use and inform harm reduction planning and service quality improvement.

Who took part?
- 7 Sites
- 139 Participants

Self-identified gender
- Man (63%)
- Woman (28%)
- Gender expansive (1%)

Age distribution
- 14 19-29
- 53 30-39
- 34 40-49
- 33 50+

Substance Use Patterns

Reported substance use in the past 3 days
- Crystal Meth 57%
- Fentanyl/Heroin 50%
- Crack 12%
- Cocaine 12%

Method of use in the past 3 days, by substance
- Fentanyl/Heroin
  - 96% Inhalation
  - 35% Injection
  - 12% Other
- Crystal Meth
  - 90% Inhalation
  - 33% Injection
  - 22% Other

Frequency of use
- 75% of participants reported USING EVERYDAY

Potential harms
- Of 105 people that have smoked/inhaled in the past 6 months and used a bowl/straight pipe:
  - 35% used a second-hand pipe
  - 19% injected instead when they couldn’t get new bowl/straight pipes

Participants reported difficulty picking up harm reduction supplies due to:
- site not being open when needed (25%)
- site was too far (12%)

Overdose
- 33% experienced an OPIOID OVERDOSE in the past six months
- 16% experienced a STIMULANT OVERDOSE in the past six months
- 69% witnessed an OPIOID OVERDOSE in the past six months

Keeping safe and harm reduction
- 72% of participants owned a Take Home Naloxone kit, while 54% owned a cell phone and 88% had access to the internet.
- In the past 6 months, 48% had used drugs at an overdose prevention site or supervised consumption site.

Participation was limited to people who access harm reduction sites, and results are therefore not representative of all people who use substances in BC. As of 2022, this project is made possible with funding from the Ministry of Mental Health and Addictions.