Overview of Cold Smoking Process for Fish			
	Process	Food Safety Parameters	Hazard Considerations CCP ?
Receiving	Quality check Temperature check	Sensory Evaluation Product is at or below 4°C (39°F)	Removal of rotten & diseased fish Prevention of spoilage Yes
Eviscerate Re	Guts and gills are removed and discarded. Parasites are removed if found in flesh.	Visual inspection of fish to remove parasites, use of candling if possible per 93/140/EEC	Gut and gills contain parasites, botulinum spores & other spoilage bacteria. Delay in evisceration allows parasites to migrate from gut into flesh.
Wash <	Cold potable water is used to remove blood & bacteria before brining	Water meets Drinking Water Regulation BC Reg 200/2003 (Schedule A) for potable water, and meets Canadian guidelines.	Non-potable water may have contaminants.
Brine	Brine consists of potable water, salt, sugar, color, flavoring, preservatives etc. ^a	Fresh brine each batch Nitrites not allowed Max. 1000 ppm sorbates *2.5-3.5% WPS achieved	Reduction in moisture content from brining will inhibit bacterial growth, specifically, <i>C. botulinum</i> Type E.
Rinse	Cold potable water is used to remove blood & excess salt.	Water meets Drinking Water Regulation BC Reg 200/2003 (Schedule A) for potable water, and meets Canadian guidelines.	Non-potable water may have contaminants.
Dry	Fish are air dried (often done in smoker)	Air temp less than 28°C (82°F), Relative Humidity ≥ 70%.	Drying must be slow enough to prevent case hardening (to prevent bacterial decomp)
Smoke	Food grade wood chips used to impart flavor. Smoke has some bactericidal & anti-oxidative properties. Fish should not touch or be overcrowded.	Cold Smoke: usually at 32°C (90°F); keep below 37°C (97°F) with 3.5% WPS.	Cold smoking is not a kill step as temperatures are below 37°C.
Cool	Smoked product is cooled in refrigerator or (blast) freezer	Chill product below ≤3°C (37.5°F). (1) Cool to <10°C (50°F) within 3 hrs and to ≤3°C within 12 hrs, <i>OR</i> (2) Cool to <20°C (68°F) within hrs and to 3°C within 4 hrs	Cooling time does not allow for germination of spore forming bacteria. Cross contamination with raw product after smoking.
Freeze	Product is frozen for parasite control. Records must be maintained to verify freezing has occurred.	Freezing requirements before sale A35°C (-31°F) 15 hr or, B20°C (-4°F) for 7 days or, C35°C (-31°F) until solid & stored at -20°C (-4°F) for 24 hr	Freezing for parasite control can be done before or after smoking step.
Package	Product is packaged and labeled.	A35°C (-31°F) 15 hr or, B20°C (-4°F) for 7 days or, C35°C (-31°F) until solid & stored at -20°C (-4°F) for 24 hr Food grade packaging for fish sold frozen; food grade MAP for fish sold fresh per FDA Reg. B21.025 & B27.001 Labeling per FIR Part II.29 & FDA B.01.401	Clostridium botulinum spores as a hazard mean all smoked fish must be either frozen or sold fresh in MAP (oxygen permeable packaging), held at or below 3°C (37.5°F) & sold w/in 14 days.
Storage/Shipping	During storage and shipping the product temperature is acceptable Lot and batch identify is maintained so product is traceable.	Refrigerated product must not exceed 3°C (37.5°F). Frozen product must not exceed —18°C (—0.4°F) during transit and —26°C (—15°F) during storage.	Refrigerated product storage above 3°C (37.5°F) increases risk for <i>C. botulinum</i> Type E.
a – Ingredients approved by CFIA.			