## British Columbia (BC) INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

2008-2009 UPDATE



BC Centre for Disease Control

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## **Influenza Activity Continues**

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#### Highlights

During week 11 (Mar 15-21, 2009), one ILI outbreak occurred in a school in VCHA, and 6 lab-confirmed influenza A/H3 and 1 influenza A/H1 outbreak occurred in facilities in FHA, VCHA and IHA. Thirtyeight percent (87 / 226) of respiratory specimens tested in BC laboratories (BCCDC and Children's and Women's Health Centre) during week 11 were positive for influenza, of which 79% were influenza A. Of those influenza A specimens that were subtyped during week 11, 89% were A/H3. To date this season, (March 26, 76% (593 / 779) of influenza isolates have been type A, and of those sub-typed, 69% (375 / 540) have been A/H3. Oseltamivir resistance continues to be reported in all A/H1N1 viruses. The rate of ILI visits to physicians is within the expected range for this time of year.

#### **Sentinel Physicians**

In week 11, 0.87% of all patient visits to sentinel physicians were attributed to ILI. This proportion is within the expected range for this time of year. Though slightly higher than week 10 it remains below the peak for the season (week 9). (See graph and table on page 4.)

#### **ILI Outbreaks**

One ILI outbreak in a school in VCHA was reported during week 11; no pathogen was identified. Five labconfirmed influenza A/H3 outbreaks were reported in LTCFs in VCHA, FHA and IHA and one A/H1 outbreak and one A/H3 outbreak were reported from hospitals in VCHA, and IHA. Since the start of the season (Sept 28), specimens have been submitted to BCCDC Laboratory Services in relation to 101 ILI outbreak investigations. Influenza was identified in 36 (35%), rhino/enterovirus was identified in 13 (13%) of the investigations, RSV in 7 (7%), human metapneumovirus (HMPV) in 5 (5%), parainfluenza in 3 (3%), coronavirus in 2 (2%), and adenovirus in 1 (1%). No pathogen was identified in the other 34 investigations. (See graph on page 5.)

Please remember to notify BCCDC if an outbreak of ILI occurs in your region, by emailing <u>ilioutbreak@bccdc.ca</u> and attaching the outbreak report form (a copy is found at the end of this report).

#### Laboratory Reports

During week 11, BCCDC Laboratory Services tested 156 respiratory specimens. Sixty-two(40%) specimens tested positive for influenza A, and 15 (10%) tested positive for influenza B. Sixty-three of the influenza A specimens received during week 11 have been subtyped, of which 56 (89%) were A/H3 and 7 (11%) were A/H1. An additional 3 specimens tested positive for RSV, 5 for rhino/enterovirus, 1 for parainfluenza, 2 for HMPV, and 1 for coronavirus.

During week 11, Children's and Women's Health Centre Laboratory tested 70 respiratory specimens. Eleven (16%) specimens tested positive for RSV, 7 for influenza A, 3 for influenza B, 5 for parainfluenza, and 1 for adenovirus. (See graphs on page 6.)

To date this season (March 26), 76% (593 / 779) of influenza isolates tested at both laboratories have been type A, and of those sub-typed, 69% (375 / 540) have been A/H3.

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**Oseltamivir Resistance** 

To date (March 26, 2009) during the 2008-09 season, BCCDC has assessed 148 A/H1N1 isolates for oseltamivir resistance; 136 show genotypic evidence of oseltamivir resistance, and the other 12 are indeterminate and undergoing further assessment through sequencing of the neuraminidase gene. Thus, all A/H1N1 specimens for which oseltamivir sensitivity could be determined have so far been found resistant to date in BC during the 2008-09 season.

Health care providers considering use of antivirals are advised to consult public health and surveillance updates and to stay informed about influenza activity and resistance patterns throughout the season. The BCCDC has posted interim guidelines, for clinician reference, concerning antiviral options in the context of evolving resistance patterns:

http://www.bccdc.org/downloads/pdf/epid/reports/BC Interim Antiviral Treatment Guidelines Influenza.pdf

#### CANADA

#### FluWatch

During week 11 (Mar 15-21), influenza activity increased compared to last week but it is within the expected range for this time of year. Thirty ILI outbreaks were reported: 10 in LTCFs (BC, ON, QC, & NB), 14 in schools (BC, SK & NB), 3 in a hospital (BC & AB) and 3 other outbreaks (facilities not described). The proportion of tests that were positive for influenza increased from the previous week (percentage positive = 17.9%; 824/4,592). Since August 24, 2008 provincial/territorial laboratories have detected 7.227 cases of influenza, 4,264 (59%) influenza A and 2,963 (41%) influenza B. The national rate of ILI visits to sentinel physicians increased from 22 per 1,000 to 28 ILI consultations per 1,000 patient visits in week 11, which is within the expected range for this time of the season.http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/

#### National Microbiology Laboratory

Since Sept 1 and as of Mar 25, 694 influenza isolates from provincial and hospital labs have been characterized at the National Microbiology Laboratory (NML):

154 Á/Brisbane/59/07(H1N1)-like\* from BC, AB, SK, ON, QC, NB, NS, & PEI;

132 A/Brisbane/10/07(H3N2)-like\* from BC, AB, SK, MB, ON, QC, PEI, & NL;



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7 B/Florida/04/06(Yamagata)-like\* from AB, ON, & QC;

361 B/Malaysia/2506/04(Victoria)-like from all ten provinces.

and 40 B/ Brisbane/60/08(Victoria)- like

\* indicates a strain match to the vaccine component.

#### **Antiviral Resistance**

Drug susceptibility testing at the NML as of Mar 25 indicated that all (n=158) H1N1 isolates tested to date were resistant to oseltamivir, while all H3N2 (n=109) and influenza B (n=388) isolates tested were sensitive to oseltamivir. Of those isolates tested for amantadine resistance, all (n=184) H1N1 isolates were found to be sensitive, and all (n=203) H3N2 isolates were found to be resistant. All 626 (130 H1N1, 107 H3N2, and 389 influenza B) isolates that have been tested for zanamivir resistance were sensitive.

#### **INTERNATIONAL**

During week 11 (Mar 15-21), influenza activity in the United States continued to decreased. The rate of ILI visits to sentinel physicians were 2.6% in week 11. To date this season, US laboratories have detected influenza in 22,384 (14.0%) respiratory specimens, of which 69% were influenza A. Of the influenza A isolates that have been sub-typed, 90% were A/H1. Five hundred and forty-nine of 454 (99%) A/H1 viruses tested were found to be resistant to oseltamivir, and three (1%) A/H1 viruses were found to be resistant to adamantanes. For more information, visit: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.

During week 12 (Mar 16-22), the Russian Federation continued to report high influenza activity. Several other countries in eastern, central, northern and southern Europe reported medium intensity activity, while in all countries in western Europe the seasonal epidemic is over. Of the 26,457 influenza virus detections in Europe since the start of the season (week 40), 88% were influenza A, and of those sub-typed, 90% were A/H3. For more information, visit: http://www.eiss.org.

#### Avian Influenza

Since 2003 and to date (Mar 23, 2009), the WHO has confirmed 412 human avian influenza A/H5N1 cases and 256 deaths, with 1 additional cases reported in Egypt in the last week. For more information on human avian influenza cases please visit: http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian\_influenza

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### UPDATE

For further information on confirmed avian influenza outbreaks in poultry, please visit: http://www.oie.int/downld/AVIAN%20INFLUENZA/A\_AI-Asia.htm.

#### Vaccine Composition

This year's (2008-09) influenza vaccine contains the following virus antigens:

- A/Brisbane/59/2007(H1N1)-like
- A/Brisbane/10/2007(H3N2)-like Note: A/Uruguay/716/2007(H3N2) is antigenically equivalent to A/Brisbane/10/2007(H3N2) and may be included by vaccine producers.
- B/Florida/04/2006(Yamagata lineage)-like

The WHO has announced the recommended components of the 2009-10 northern hemisphere influenza vaccines:

- A/Brisbane/59/2007(H1N1)-like
- A/Brisbane/10/2007(H3N2)-like
- B/Brisbane/60/2008(Victoria lineage)-like

Thus, only the B component will be changed from the 2008-09 vaccine. Additional information can be found here.

http://www.who.int/csr/disease/influenza/recommendations2 009 10north/en/index.html .

#### **Activity Level Definitions**

Sporadic influenza activity: sporadically occurring ILI and laboratory-confirmed influenza during previous 4 weeks, with no outbreaks.

Localized influenza activity: as for sporadic activity, but with ILI outbreaks in schools and worksites, or laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreaks in residential institutions occurring in less than 50% of the influenza surveillance regions during the week of reporting.

Widespread influenza activity: as for localized activity, but with outbreaks occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the influenza surveillance regions during the week of reporting.

#### List of Acronyms

ACF: Acute Care Facility AI: Avian Influenza FHA: Fraser Health Authority HMPV: Human metapneumovirus HSDA: Health Service Delivery Area IHA: Interior Health Authority ILI: Influenza-Like Illness



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LTCF: Long Term Care Facility MSP: BC Medical Services Plan NHA: Northern Health Authority NML: National Microbiological Laboratory **OIE:** World Organization for Animal Health **RSV:** Respiratory syncytial virus VCHA: Vancouver Coastal Health Authority VIHA: Vancouver Island Health Authority WHO: World Health Organization

#### Web Sites

1. Influenza Web Sites Canada - Flu Watch: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/ NACI Statement on Influenza Vaccination for the 2008-09 Season: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/publicat/ccdrrmtc/08vol34/acs-3/index-eng.php Washington State Flu Updates: http://www.doh.wa.gov/ehsphl/epidemiology/CD/HTML/FluU pdate.htm USA Weekly Surveillance reports: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ European Influenza Surveillance Scheme: http://www.eiss.org/index.cgi WHO - Global Influenza Programme: http://www.who.int/csr/disease/influenza/mission/ WHO - Weekly Epidemiological Record: http://www.who.int/wer/en/ Influenza Centre (Australia): http://www.influenzacentre.org/

#### 2. Avian Influenza Web Sites

World Health Organization - Avian Influenza: http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian influenza/en/ World Organization for Animal Health: http://www.oie.int/eng/en index.htm

#### 3. This Report On-line

http://www.bccdc.org/content.php?item=35

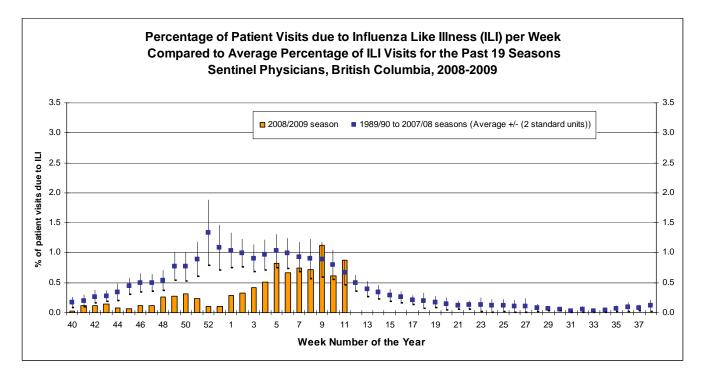
#### Contact Us:

#### **Epidemiology Services**

BC Centre for Disease Control (BCCDC) 655 W. 12<sup>th</sup> Ave. Vancouver BC V5Z 4R4 Tel: (604) 660-6061 / Fax: (604) 660-0197 InfluenzaFieldEpi@bccdc.ca



#### WEEKLY SENTINEL ILI

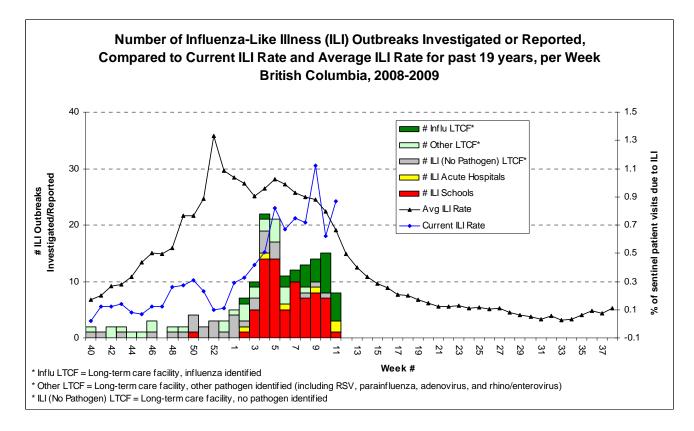


#### SENTINEL INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS BY HEALTH AUTHORITY

	Week 11			
HEALTH AUTHORITY	Mar 15-21			
	ILI Visits	Total Visits	% ILI	
Fraser	7	1,114	0.63%	
Interior	0	228	0.00%	
Northern	0	161	0.00%	
Vancouver Coastal	28	1,810	1.55%	
Vancouver Island	8	1,643	0.49%	
BC Total	43	4,956	0.87%	

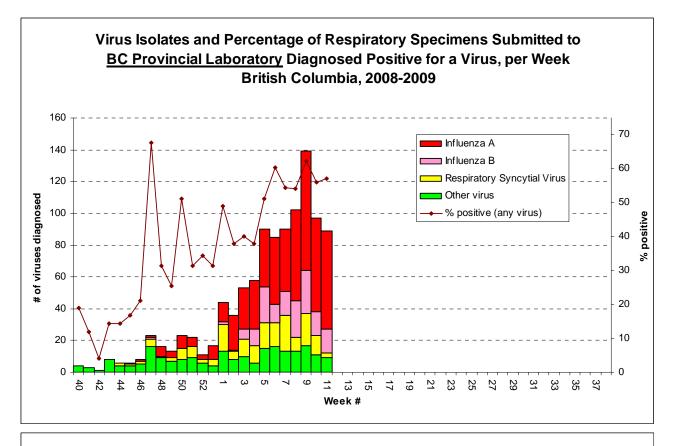


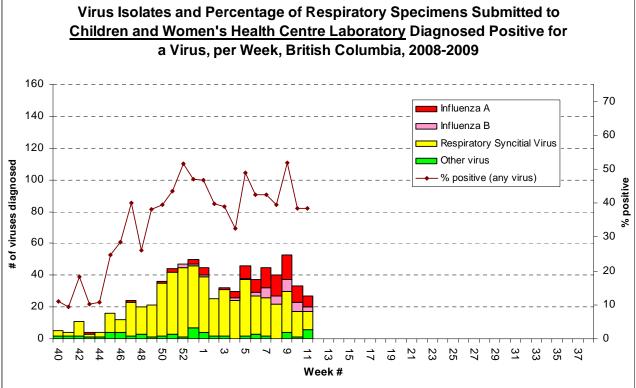
#### **ILI OUTBREAKS**





#### LABORATORY SUMMARY







## Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Outbreak Summary Report Form

Please complete and email to ilioutbreak@bccdc.ca or fax to (604) 660-0197

**ILI**: Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following: sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration which *could* be due to influenza virus. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

Schools and work site outbreak: greater than 10% absenteeism on any day, most likely due to ILI.

Residential institutions (facilities) outbreak: two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period.

SECTION A. Departing Info	rmation			
SECTION A: Reporting Info	ormation			
Person Reporting:	eporting: Title:			
	Email:			
Health Authority:	HSDA:			
Full Facility Name:				
Update (	complete section C below	n B below; Section D if available) v; Section D if available) <mark>C below</mark> ; Section D if available)		
SECTION B: First Notificati	on			
Type of facility: DLTCF	□ Acute Care H	Hospital		
(if ward or wing, please specify name/number: )				
□ Workplac		es:) □ Other ( )		
Date of onset of first case of I				
Numbers to date	Residents/Students	Staff		
Total				
With ILI				
Hospitalized				
Died				
SECTION C: Update AND Outbreak Declared Over   Date of onset for most recent case of ILI (dd/mm/yyyy): //   If over, date outbreak declared over (dd/mm/yyyy): //				
Numbers to date	Residents/Students	Staff		
Total				
With ILI				
Hospitalized				
Died				

SECTION D: Laboratory Information					
Specimen(s) submitted?	Yes (location:	_) 🗆 No	Don't know		
If yes, organism identified	?□ Yes (specify:	_)口 No	Don't know		